NAG Library Function Document

nag band real mat print comp (x04cfc)

1 Purpose

nag band real mat print comp (x04cfc) prints a double band matrix.

2 Specification

3 Description

nag_band_real_mat_print_comp (x04cfc) prints a double band matrix stored in packed form, using a format specifier supplied by you. The matrix is output to the file specified by **outfile** or, by default, to standard output.

4 References

None.

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag OrderType

Input

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 2.3.1.3 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: order = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

m - Integer
n - Integer
Input

On entry: the number of rows and columns of the band matrix, respectively, to be printed.

If either **m** or **n** is less than 1, nag_band_real_mat_print_comp (x04cfc) will exit immediately after printing **title**; no row or column labels are printed.

4: **kl** – Integer Input

On entry: the number of subdiagonals of the band matrix A.

Constraint: $\mathbf{kl} \geq 0$.

5: **ku** – Integer Input

On entry: the number of superdiagonals of the band matrix A.

Constraint: $\mathbf{ku} > 0$.

Mark 26 x04cfc.1

6: $\mathbf{a}[dim]$ - const double

Input

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array a must be at least

```
max(1, pda \times n) when order = Nag\_ColMajor; max(1, m \times pda) when order = Nag\_RowMajor.
```

On entry: the band matrix to be printed.

This is stored as a notional two-dimensional array with row elements or column elements stored contiguously. The storage of elements A_{ij} , for row i = 1, ..., m and column $j = \max(1, i - k_l), ..., \min(n, i + k_u)$, depends on the **order** argument as follows:

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if order = Nag_ColMajor, A_{ij} is stored as \mathbf{a}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pda} + \mathbf{ku} + i - j]; if order = Nag_RowMajor, A_{ij} is stored as \mathbf{a}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pda} + \mathbf{kl} + j - i].
```

7: **pda** – Integer

Input

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) of the matrix A in the array a.

Constraint: $pda \ge kl + ku + 1$.

8: **form** – const char *

Input

On entry: a valid C format code. This should be of the form $\%[flag]ww.pp[format\ indicator]$, where ww.pp indicates that up to two digits may be used to specify the field width and precision respectively. Only % and $format\ indicator$ must be present. flag can be one of -, +, < space > or # and $format\ indicator$ can be e, E, f, g or G. Thus, possible formats include %f, %+23.15G, %.6e. **form** is used to print elements of the matrix A.

In addition, nag_band_real_mat_print_comp (x04cfc) chooses its own format code when **form** is **NULL** or **form** = ' * '.

form = NULL

nag_band_real_mat_print_comp (x04cfc) will choose a format code such that numbers will be printed with either a %8.4f, a %11.4f or a %13.4e format. The %8.4f code is chosen if the sizes of all the matrix elements to be printed lie between 0.001 and 1.0. The %11.4f code is chosen if the sizes of all the matrix elements to be printed lie between 0.001 and 9999.9999. Otherwise the %13.4e code is chosen.

form = ' * '

nag_band_real_mat_print_comp (x04cfc) will choose a format code such that numbers will be printed to as many significant digits as are necessary to distinguish between neighbouring machine numbers. Thus any two numbers that are stored with different internal representations should look different on output.

Constraint: form must be of the form $\%[flag]ww.pp[format\ indicator]$.

9: **title** – const char *

Input

On entry: a title to be printed above the matrix, or name of the matrix.

If **title** = **NULL**, no title (and no blank line) will be printed.

If **title** contains more than **ncols** characters, the contents of **title** will be wrapped onto more than one line, with the break after **ncols** characters.

Any trailing blank characters in **title** are ignored.

10: **labrow** – Nag_LabelType

Input

On entry: indicates the type of labelling to be applied to the rows of the matrix.

labrow = Nag_NoLabels

Prints no row labels.

x04cfc.2 Mark 26

labrow = Nag_IntegerLabels

Prints integer row labels.

labrow = Nag_CharacterLabels

Prints character labels, which must be supplied in array rlabs.

Constraint: labrow = Nag_NoLabels, Nag_IntegerLabels or Nag_CharacterLabels.

11: $\mathbf{rlabs}[dim] - \mathbf{const} \ \mathbf{char} \ *$

Input

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array **rlabs** must be at least

m when labrow = Nag_CharacterLabels; otherwise rlabs may be NULL.

On entry: if **labrow** = Nag_CharacterLabels, **rlabs** must contain labels for the rows of the matrix; otherwise **rlabs** is not referenced and may be **NULL**.

Labels are right-justified when output, in a field which is as wide as necessary to hold the longest row label. Note that this field width is subtracted from the number of usable columns, **ncols**.

12: **labcol** – Nag LabelType

Input

On entry: indicates the type of labelling to be applied to the columns of the matrix.

labcol = Nag_NoLabels

Prints no column labels.

labcol = Nag_IntegerLabels

Prints integer column labels.

labcol = Nag_CharacterLabels

Prints character labels, which must be supplied in array clabs.

Constraint: labcol = Nag_NoLabels, Nag_IntegerLabels or Nag_CharacterLabels.

13: $\mathbf{clabs}[dim] - \mathbf{const} \ \mathbf{char} \ *$

Input

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array clabs must be at least

n when **labcol** = Nag_CharacterLabels; otherwise **clabs** may be **NULL**.

On entry: if labcol = Nag_CharacterLabels, clabs must contain labels for the columns of the matrix; otherwise clabs is not referenced and may be NULL.

Labels are right-justified when output. Any label that is too long for the column width, which is determined by **form**, is truncated.

14: **ncols** – Integer

Input

On entry: the maximum output record length. If the number of columns of the matrix is too large to be accommodated in **ncols** characters, the matrix will be printed in parts, containing the largest possible number of matrix columns, and each part separated by a blank line.

ncols must be large enough to hold at least one column of the matrix using the format specifier in **form**. If a value less than or equal to 0 or greater than 132 is supplied for **ncols**, then the value 80 is used instead.

15: **indent** – Integer

Input

On entry: the number of columns by which the matrix (and any title and labels) should be indented. The effective value of **ncols** is reduced by **indent** columns. If a value less than 0 or greater than **ncols** is supplied for **indent**, the value 0 is used instead.

Mark 26 x04cfc.3

x04cfc NAG Library Manual

16: **outfile** – const char *

Input

On entry: the name of a file to which output will be directed. If **outfile** is **NULL** the output will be directed to standard output.

17: **fail** – NagError *

Input/Output

The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE ALLOC FAIL

Memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument \(\value \rangle \) had an illegal value.

NE_COL_WIDTH

 $\langle value \rangle$ is not wide enough to hold at least one matrix column. **ncols** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **indent** = $\langle value \rangle$.

NE INTERNAL ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

NE INVALID FORMAT

The string $\langle value \rangle$ has not been recognized as a valid format.

NE NOT APPEND FILE

Cannot open file \(\nabla value \rangle \) for appending.

NE_NOT_CLOSE_FILE

Cannot close file \(\text{value} \).

NE NOT WRITE FILE

Cannot open file \(\text{value} \) for writing.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag band real mat print comp (x04cfc) is not threaded in any implementation.

9 Further Comments

None.

x04cfc.4 Mark 26

10 Example

None.

Mark 26 x04cfc.5 (last)