# **NAG Library Routine Document**

#### G05PDF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

## 1 Purpose

G05PDF generates a given number of terms of a type I AGARCH(p,q) process (see Engle and Ng (1993)).

# 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE GO5PDF (DIST, NUM, IP, IQ, THETA, GAMMA, DF, HT, ET, FCALL, R, LR, STATE, IFAIL)

INTEGER

NUM, IP, IQ, DF, LR, STATE(*), IFAIL

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) THETA(IQ+IP+1), GAMMA, HT(NUM), ET(NUM), R(LR)

LOGICAL

CHARACTER(1) DIST
```

# 3 Description

A type I AGARCH(p,q) process can be represented by:

$$h_t = \alpha_0 + \sum_{i=1}^q \alpha_i (\epsilon_{t-i} + \gamma)^2 + \sum_{i=1}^p \beta_i h_{t-i}, \qquad t = 1, 2, \dots, T;$$

where  $\epsilon_t \mid \psi_{t-1} = N(0,h_t)$  or  $\epsilon_t \mid \psi_{t-1} = S_t(df,h_t)$ . Here  $S_t$  is a standardized Student's t-distribution with df degrees of freedom and variance  $h_t$ , T is the number of observations in the sequence,  $\epsilon_t$  is the observed value of the GARCH(p,q) process at time t,  $h_t$  is the conditional variance at time t, and  $\psi_t$  the set of all information up to time t. Symmetric GARCH sequences are generated when  $\gamma$  is zero, otherwise asymmetric GARCH sequences are generated with  $\gamma$  specifying the amount by which positive (or negative) shocks are to be enhanced.

One of the initialization routines G05KFF (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or G05KGF (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to G05PDF.

#### 4 References

Bollerslev T (1986) Generalised autoregressive conditional heteroskedasticity *Journal of Econometrics* **31** 307–327

Engle R (1982) Autoregressive conditional heteroskedasticity with estimates of the variance of United Kingdom inflation *Econometrica* **50** 987–1008

Engle R and Ng V (1993) Measuring and testing the impact of news on volatility *Journal of Finance* 48 1749–1777

Hamilton J (1994) Time Series Analysis Princeton University Press

#### 5 Parameters

1: DIST – CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: the type of distribution to use for  $\epsilon_t$ .

DIST = 'N'

A Normal distribution is used.

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DIST = 'T'

A Student's t-distribution is used.

Constraint: DIST = 'N' or 'T'.

#### 2: NUM – INTEGER

Input

On entry: T, the number of terms in the sequence.

Constraint: NUM > 0.

3: IP – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the number of coefficients,  $\beta_i$ , for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, p$ .

*Constraint*:  $IP \geq 0$ .

4: IQ – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the number of coefficients,  $\alpha_i$ , for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, q$ .

Constraint:  $IQ \geq 1$ .

5: THETA(IQ + IP + 1) - REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array

Input

On entry: the first element must contain the coefficient  $\alpha_o$ , the next IQ elements must contain the coefficients  $\alpha_i$ , for  $i=1,2,\ldots,q$ . The remaining IP elements must contain the coefficients  $\beta_j$ , for  $j=1,2,\ldots,p$ .

Constraints:

$$\sum_{i=2}^{\mathrm{IQ+IP+1}} \mathrm{THETA}(i) < 1.0;$$
 $\mathrm{THETA}(i) \geq 0.0, \ \mathrm{for} \ i = 2, 3, \ldots, \mathrm{IP+IQ+1}.$ 

# 6: GAMMA – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp)

Input

On entry: the asymmetry parameter  $\gamma$  for the  $\mathsf{GARCH}(p,q)$  sequence.

7: DF – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the number of degrees of freedom for the Student's t-distribution.

If DIST = 'N', DF is not referenced.

Constraint: if DIST = 'T', DF > 2.

8: HT(NUM) – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array

Output

On exit: the conditional variances  $h_t$ , for t = 1, 2, ..., T, for the GARCH(p, q) sequence.

9: ET(NUM) – REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

On exit: the observations  $\epsilon_t$ , for t = 1, 2, ..., T, for the GARCH(p, q) sequence.

10: FCALL - LOGICAL

Input

On entry: if FCALL = .TRUE., a new sequence is to be generated, otherwise a given sequence is to be continued using the information in R.

11: R(LR) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Input/Output

On entry: the array contains information required to continue a sequence if FCALL = .FALSE..

On exit: contains information that can be used in a subsequent call of G05PDF, with FCALL = .FALSE..

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12: LR – INTEGER Input

On entry: the dimension of the array R as declared in the (sub)program from which G05PDF is called.

*Constraint*: LR  $\geq 2 \times (IP + IQ + 2)$ .

13: STATE(\*) - INTEGER array

Communication Array

**Note**: the actual argument supplied must be the array STATE supplied to the initialization routines G05KFF or G05KGF.

On entry: contains information on the selected base generator and its current state.

On exit: contains updated information on the state of the generator.

14: IFAIL – INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this parameter you should refer to Section 3.3 in the Essential Introduction for details.

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this parameter, the recommended value is 0. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6).

# 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, DIST  $\neq$  'N' or 'T'.

IFAIL = 2

On entry, NUM < 0.

IFAIL = 3

On entry, IP < 0.

IFAIL = 4

On entry, IQ < 1.

IFAIL = 5

On entry, at least one THETA(i) < 0.0, for i = 2, 3, ..., IP + IQ + 1.

IFAIL = 51

On entry,  $\sum_{i}$ THETA $(i) \ge 1.0$ , for i = 2, 3, ..., IP + IQ + 1.

IFAIL = 7

On entry, DIST = 'T' and DF  $\leq 2$ .

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```
IFAIL = 11
```

The value of IP or IQ is not the same as when R was set up in a previous call.

```
\begin{aligned} \text{IFAIL} &= 12 \\ \text{On entry, } LR < 2 \times (\text{IP} + \text{IQ} + 2). \end{aligned}
```

IFAIL = 13

On entry, STATE vector was not initialized or has been corrupted.

# 7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

## **8** Further Comments

None.

## 9 Example

This example first calls G05KFF to initialize a base generator then calls G05PDF to generate two realisations, each consisting of ten observations, from a symmetric GARCH(1,1) model.

# 9.1 Program Text

```
Program g05pdfe
      GO5PDF Example Program Text
1
!
      Mark 24 Release. NAG Copyright 2012.
      .. Use Statements ..
      Use nag_library, Only: g05kff, g05pdf, nag_wp
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
      Implicit None
!
      .. Parameters ..
                                         :: lseed = 1, nin = 5, nout = 6
      Integer, Parameter
      .. Local Scalars ..
!
      Real (Kind=nag_wp)
                                          :: df, genid, i, ifail, ip, iq, lr,
      Integer
                                             1state, 1theta, nreal, num, rn, subid
      Logical
                                          :: fcall
      Character (1)
                                          :: dist
!
      .. Local Arrays ..
      \label{eq:Real_continuous} \textit{Real (Kind=nag\_wp), Allocatable} \quad :: \; \textit{et(:), ht(:), r(:), theta(:)}
      Integer
                                          :: seed(lseed)
      Integer, Allocatable
                                          :: state(:)
!
      .. Executable Statements ..
      Write (nout,*) 'GO5PDF Example Program Results'
      Write (nout,*)
      Skip heading in data file
      Read (nin,*)
      Read in the base generator information and seed
      Read (nin,*) genid, subid, seed(1)
      Initial call to initialiser to get size of STATE array
      lstate = 0
      Allocate (state(lstate))
      ifail = 0
      Call g05kff(genid, subid, seed, lseed, state, lstate, ifail)
      Reallocate STATE
```

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```
Deallocate (state)
      Allocate (state(lstate))
      Initialize the generator to a repeatable sequence
      ifail = 0
      Call g05kff(genid, subid, seed, lseed, state, lstate, ifail)
      Read in sample size and number of realizations
      Read (nin,*) num, nreal
      Read in number of coefficients
!
      Read (nin,*) ip, iq
      lr = 2*(ip+iq+2)
      ltheta = ip + iq + 1
      Allocate (theta(ip+iq+1),ht(num),et(num),r(lr))
      Read in error distribution
      Read (nin,*) dist
      Read in degrees of freedom if required
      If (dist=='T' .Or. dist=='t') Then
Read (nin,*) df
      End If
      Read in rest of series parameters
      Read (nin,*) theta(1:ltheta)
      Read (nin,*) gamma
      Set FCALL for first realization
      fcall = .True.
      Generate NREAL realizations
      Do rn = 1, nreal
        ifail = 0
        Call q05pdf(dist,num,ip,iq,theta,gamma,df,ht,et,fcall,r,lr,state, &
          ifail)
        Display the results
        Write (nout, 99998) ' Realization Number ', rn
        Write (nout,*) ' I HT(I) ET(I)'
Write (nout,*) ' -----'
        Write (nout, 99999)(i, ht(i), et(i), i=1, num)
        Write (nout,*)
        Set FCALL flag for any further realizations
        fcall = .False.
      End Do
99999 Format (1X,I5,1X,F16.4,1X,F16.4)
99998 Format (1X,A,IO)
    End Program g05pdfe
9.2 Program Data
GO5PDF Example Program Data
1 1 1762543
                 :: GENID, SUBID, SEED(1)
```

```
10 2
                  :: NUM, NREAL
0 3
'N'
                  :: IP, IQ
0.8 0.6 0.2 0.1 :: THETA
-0.4
                  :: GAMMA
```

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# 9.3 Program Results

GO5PDF Example Program Results

Realizatio		
I	HT(I)	ET(I)
1	0.9440	0.3389
2	0.8502	-1.1484
3	2.2553	0.9943
4	1.4918	1.0204
5	1.3413	-1.4544
6	2.9757	-0.0326
7	1.6386	-0.3767
8	1.5433	0.9892
9	1.1477	-0.0049
10	1.0281	0.4508
Realizatio	on Number 2	
		ЕТ(Т)
I 	HT(I)	ET(I)
		ET(I) -1.5286
I  1 2	HT(I) 0.8691 3.0485	-1.5286 -1.1339
1 2 3	HT(I) 0.8691 3.0485 2.9558	-1.5286 -1.1339 0.5424
1 2 3 4	HT(I) 0.8691 3.0485 2.9558 1.6547	-1.5286 -1.1339 0.5424 -2.0734
I 1 2 3 4 5	HT(I) 0.8691 3.0485 2.9558 1.6547 4.7100	-1.5286 -1.1339 0.5424 -2.0734 0.5153
1 2 3 4 5 6	HT(I)  0.8691 3.0485 2.9558 1.6547 4.7100 2.0336	-1.5286 -1.1339 0.5424 -2.0734 0.5153 -0.8373
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	HT(I)  0.8691 3.0485 2.9558 1.6547 4.7100 2.0336 2.3331	-1.5286 -1.1339 0.5424 -2.0734 0.5153 -0.8373 -1.0912
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	HT(I)  0.8691 3.0485 2.9558 1.6547 4.7100 2.0336 2.3331 2.4417	-1.5286 -1.1339 0.5424 -2.0734 0.5153 -0.8373 -1.0912 3.8999
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	HT(I)  0.8691 3.0485 2.9558 1.6547 4.7100 2.0336 2.3331 2.4417 8.7473	-1.5286 -1.1339 0.5424 -2.0734 0.5153 -0.8373 -1.0912 3.8999 3.8171
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	HT(I)  0.8691 3.0485 2.9558 1.6547 4.7100 2.0336 2.3331 2.4417	-1.5286 -1.1339 0.5424 -2.0734 0.5153 -0.8373 -1.0912 3.8999

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