NAG Library Routine Document F07WEF (DPFTRS)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F07WEF (DPFTRS) solves a real symmetric positive definite system of linear equations with multiple right-hand sides,

$$AX = B$$
,

using the Cholesky factorization computed by F07WDF (DPFTRF) stored in Rectangular Full Packed (RFP) format.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F07WEF (TRANSR, UPLO, N, NRHS, AR, B, LDB, INFO)

INTEGER N, NRHS, LDB, INFO

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) AR(N*(N+1)/2), B(LDB,*)

CHARACTER(1) TRANSR, UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name dpftrs.

3 Description

F07WEF (DPFTRS) is used to solve a real symmetric positive definite system of linear equations AX = B, the routine must be preceded by a call to F07WDF (DPFTRF) which computes the Cholesky factorization of A, stored in RFP format. The RFP storage format is described in Section 3.3.3 in the F07 Chapter Introduction. The solution X is computed by forward and backward substitution.

If UPLO = 'U', $A = U^TU$, where U is upper triangular; the solution X is computed by solving $U^TY = B$ and then UX = Y.

If UPLO = 'L', $A = LL^T$, where L is lower triangular; the solution X is computed by solving LY = B and then $L^TX = Y$.

4 References

Gustavson F G, Waśniewski J, Dongarra J J and Langou J (2010) Rectangular full packed format for Cholesky's algorithm: factorization, solution, and inversion *ACM Trans. Math. Software* **37**, **2**

5 Parameters

1: TRANSR – CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: specifies whether the RFP representation of A is normal or transposed.

TRANSR = 'N'

The matrix A is stored in normal RFP format.

TRANSR = 'T'

The matrix A is stored in transposed RFP format.

Constraint: TRANSR = 'N' or 'T'.

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2: UPLO - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: specifies how A has been factorized.

UPLO = 'U'

 $A = U^{T}U$, where U is upper triangular.

UPLO = 'L'

 $A = LL^{T}$, where L is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

3: N – INTEGER

Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: N > 0.

4: NRHS – INTEGER

Input

On entry: r, the number of right-hand sides.

Constraint: NRHS > 0.

5: $AR(N \times (N+1)/2) - REAL$ (KIND=nag wp) array

Input

On entry: the Cholesky factorization of A stored in RFP format, as returned by F07WDF (DPFTRF).

6: B(LDB,*) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array

Input/Output

Note: the second dimension of the array B must be at least max(1, NRHS).

On entry: the n by r right-hand side matrix B.

On exit: the n by r solution matrix X.

7: LDB – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array B as declared in the (sub)program from which F07WEF (DPFTRS) is called.

Constraint: LDB $> \max(1, N)$.

8: INFO – INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, argument i had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

7 Accuracy

For each right-hand side vector b, the computed solution x is the exact solution of a perturbed system of equations (A + E)x = b, where

$$\text{if UPLO} = \text{'U'}, \ |E| \leq c(n)\epsilon |U^{\mathsf{T}}||U|;$$

if UPLO = 'L',
$$|E| \le c(n)\epsilon |L||L^{\mathsf{T}}|$$
,

c(n) is a modest linear function of n, and ϵ is the **machine precision**.

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If \hat{x} is the true solution, then the computed solution x satisfies a forward error bound of the form

$$\frac{\|x - \hat{x}\|_{\infty}}{\|x\|_{\infty}} \le c(n)\operatorname{cond}(A, x)\epsilon$$

where $\operatorname{cond}(A,x) = \left\| \left| A^{-1} \right| |A| |x| \right\|_{\infty} / \|x\|_{\infty} \leq \operatorname{cond}(A) = \left\| \left| A^{-1} \right| |A| \right\|_{\infty} \leq \kappa_{\infty}(A)$ and $\kappa_{\infty}(A)$ is the condition number when using the ∞ -norm.

Note that cond(A, x) can be much smaller than cond(A).

8 Parallelism and Performance

F07WEF (DPFTRS) is not threaded by NAG in any implementation.

F07WEF (DPFTRS) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is approximately $2n^2r$.

The complex analogue of this routine is F07WSF (ZPFTRS).

10 Example

This example solves the system of equations AX = B, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4.16 & -3.12 & 0.56 & -0.10 \\ -3.12 & 5.03 & -0.83 & 1.18 \\ 0.56 & -0.83 & 0.76 & 0.34 \\ -0.10 & 1.18 & 0.34 & 1.18 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 8.70 & 8.30 \\ -13.35 & 2.13 \\ 1.89 & 1.61 \\ -4.14 & 5.00 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here A is symmetric positive definite, stored in RFP format, and must first be factorized by F07WDF (DPFTRF).

10.1 Program Text

```
Program f07wefe
     FO7WEF Example Program Text
!
!
     Mark 25 Release. NAG Copyright 2014.
      .. Use Statements ..
     Use nag_library, Only: dpftrf, dpftrs, nag_wp, x04caf
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
     Implicit None
      .. Parameters ..
                                       :: nin = 5, nout = 6
     Integer, Parameter
!
      .. Local Scalars ..
                                        :: i, ifail, info, k, lar1, ldb, lenar, &
      Integer
                                           n, nrhs, q
     Character (1)
                                        :: transr, uplo
      .. Local Arrays ..
!
     Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: ar(:), b(:,:)
      .. Executable Statements ..
1
     Write (nout,*) 'F07WEF Example Program Results'
     Skip heading in data file
1
     Read (nin,*)
     Read (nin,*) n, nrhs, uplo, transr
```

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```
lenar = n*(n+1)/2
      ldb = n
     Allocate (ar(lenar),b(ldb,nrhs))
     Setup notional dimensions of RFP matrix AR
     k = n/2
      q = n - k
      If (transr=='N' .Or. transr=='n') Then
       lar1 = 2*k + 1
     Else
       lar1 = q
     End If
     Read an RFP matrix into array AR
     Do i = 1, lar1
       Read (nin,*) ar(i:lenar:lar1)
     End Do
     Read RHS matrix B
!
     Do i = 1, n
       Read (nin,*) b(i,1:nrhs)
     End Do
!
     Factorize A
      info = 0
     The NAG name equivalent of dpftrf is f07wdf
     Call dpftrf(transr,uplo,n,ar,info)
     Write (nout,*)
Flush (nout)
     If (info==0) Then
1
        Compute solution
        The NAG name equivalent of dpftrs is f07wef
        Call dpftrs(transr,uplo,n,nrhs,ar,b,ldb,info)
        Print solution
!
        ifail = 0
        Call x04caf('General',' ',n,nrhs,b,ldb,'Solution(s)',ifail)
        Write (nout,*) 'A is not positive definite'
     End If
    End Program f07wefe
```

10.2 Program Data

```
F07WEF Example Program Data
                'N' : n, nrhs, uplo, transr
 4 2
         'L'
         0.34
 0.76
 4.16
         1.18
-3.12
        5.03
       -0.83
 0.56
-0.10
        1.18
                       : AR
 8.70
      8.30
      2.13
-13.35
 1.89
        1.61
      5.00
                       : B
-4.14
```

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10.3 Program Results

F07WEF Example Program Results

Solution(s)		
	1	2
1	1.0000	4.0000
2	-1.0000	3.0000
3	2.0000	2.0000
4	-3.0000	1.0000

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