NAG Library Routine Document F08SAF (DSYGV)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F08SAF (DSYGV) computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, the eigenvectors of a real generalized symmetric-definite eigenproblem, of the form

$$Az = \lambda Bz$$
, $ABz = \lambda z$ or $BAz = \lambda z$,

where A and B are symmetric and B is also positive definite.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE FO8SAF (ITYPE, JOBZ, UPLO, N, A, LDA, B, LDB, W, WORK, LWORK, INFO)

INTEGER ITYPE, N, LDA, LDB, LWORK, INFO

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) A(LDA,*), B(LDB,*), W(N), WORK(max(1,LWORK))

CHARACTER(1) JOBZ, UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name dsygv.

3 Description

F08SAF (DSYGV) first performs a Cholesky factorization of the matrix B as $B=U^{\rm T}U$, when UPLO = 'U' or $B=LL^{\rm T}$, when UPLO = 'L'. The generalized problem is then reduced to a standard symmetric eigenvalue problem

$$Cx = \lambda x$$
,

which is solved for the eigenvalues and, optionally, the eigenvectors; the eigenvectors are then backtransformed to give the eigenvectors of the original problem.

For the problem $Az = \lambda Bz$, the eigenvectors are normalized so that the matrix of eigenvectors, z, satisfies

$$Z^{\mathsf{T}}AZ = \Lambda$$
 and $Z^{\mathsf{T}}BZ = I$,

where Λ is the diagonal matrix whose diagonal elements are the eigenvalues. For the problem $ABz = \lambda z$ we correspondingly have

$$Z^{-1}AZ^{-T} = \Lambda$$
 and $Z^{T}BZ = I$,

and for $BAz = \lambda z$ we have

$$Z^{\mathsf{T}}AZ = \Lambda$$
 and $Z^{\mathsf{T}}B^{-1}Z = I$.

4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D (1999) *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

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5 Parameters

1: ITYPE – INTEGER

Input

On entry: specifies the problem type to be solved.

$$ITYPE = 1$$

$$Az = \lambda Bz$$
.

$$ITYPE = 2$$

$$ABz = \lambda z$$
.

$$ITYPE = 3$$

$$BAz = \lambda z$$
.

Constraint: ITYPE = 1, 2 or 3.

2: JOBZ - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: indicates whether eigenvectors are computed.

$$JOBZ = 'N'$$

Only eigenvalues are computed.

$$JOBZ = 'V'$$

Eigenvalues and eigenvectors are computed.

Constraint: JOBZ = 'N' or 'V'.

3: UPLO - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: if UPLO = 'U', the upper triangles of A and B are stored.

If UPLO = 'L', the lower triangles of A and B are stored.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

4: N – INTEGER

Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrices A and B.

Constraint: N > 0.

5: $A(LDA,*) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array$

Input/Output

Note: the second dimension of the array A must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the n by n symmetric matrix A.

If UPLO = 'U', the upper triangular part of A must be stored and the elements of the array below the diagonal are not referenced.

If UPLO = 'L', the lower triangular part of A must be stored and the elements of the array above the diagonal are not referenced.

On exit: if JOBZ = 'V', A contains the matrix Z of eigenvectors. The eigenvectors are normalized as follows:

if ITYPE = 1 or 2,
$$Z^TBZ = I$$
;

if ITYPE = 3,
$$Z^TB^{-1}Z = I$$
.

If JOBZ = 'N', the upper triangle (if UPLO = 'U') or the lower triangle (if UPLO = 'L') of A, including the diagonal, is overwritten.

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6: LDA – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F08SAF (DSYGV) is called.

Constraint: LDA $\geq \max(1, N)$.

7: B(LDB,*) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Input/Output

Note: the second dimension of the array B must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the n by n symmetric positive definite matrix B.

If UPLO = 'U', the upper triangular part of B must be stored and the elements of the array below the diagonal are not referenced.

If UPLO = 'L', the lower triangular part of B must be stored and the elements of the array above the diagonal are not referenced.

On exit: if $0 \le INFO \le N$, the part of B containing the matrix is overwritten by the triangular factor U or L from the Cholesky factorization $B = U^TU$ or $B = LL^T$.

8: LDB - INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array B as declared in the (sub)program from which F08SAF (DSYGV) is called.

Constraint: LDB $\geq \max(1, N)$.

9: W(N) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

On exit: the eigenvalues in ascending order.

10: WORK(max(1,LWORK)) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array

Workspace

On exit: if INFO = 0, WORK(1) contains the minimum value of LWORK required for optimal performance.

11: LWORK - INTEGER

Input

On entry: the dimension of the array WORK as declared in the (sub)program from which F08SAF (DSYGV) is called.

If LWORK = -1, a workspace query is assumed; the routine only calculates the optimal size of the WORK array, returns this value as the first entry of the WORK array, and no error message related to LWORK is issued.

Suggested value: for optimal performance, LWORK $\geq (nb+2) \times N$, where nb is the optimal block size for F08FEF (DSYTRD).

Constraint: LWORK $\geq \max(1, 3 \times N - 1)$.

12: INFO - INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, argument i had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

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INFO = 1 to N

If INFO = i, F08FAF (DSYEV) failed to converge; i i off-diagonal elements of an intermediate tridiagonal form did not converge to zero.

INFO > N

F07FDF (DPOTRF) returned an error code; i.e., if INFO = N + i, for $1 \le i \le N$, then the leading minor of order i of B is not positive definite. The factorization of B could not be completed and no eigenvalues or eigenvectors were computed.

7 Accuracy

If B is ill-conditioned with respect to inversion, then the error bounds for the computed eigenvalues and vectors may be large, although when the diagonal elements of B differ widely in magnitude the eigenvalues and eigenvectors may be less sensitive than the condition of B would suggest. See Section 4.10 of Anderson *et al.* (1999) for details of the error bounds.

The example program below illustrates the computation of approximate error bounds.

8 Parallelism and Performance

F08SAF (DSYGV) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

F08SAF (DSYGV) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is proportional to n^3 .

The complex analogue of this routine is F08SNF (ZHEGV).

10 Example

This example finds all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the generalized symmetric eigenproblem $Az = \lambda Bz$, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0.24 & 0.39 & 0.42 & -0.16 \\ 0.39 & -0.11 & 0.79 & 0.63 \\ 0.42 & 0.79 & -0.25 & 0.48 \\ -0.16 & 0.63 & 0.48 & -0.03 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 4.16 & -3.12 & 0.56 & -0.10 \\ -3.12 & 5.03 & -0.83 & 1.09 \\ 0.56 & -0.83 & 0.76 & 0.34 \\ -0.10 & 1.09 & 0.34 & 1.18 \end{pmatrix}$$

together with and estimate of the condition number of B, and approximate error bounds for the computed eigenvalues and eigenvectors.

The example program for F08SCF (DSYGVD) illustrates solving a generalized symmetric eigenproblem of the form $ABz = \lambda z$.

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10.1 Program Text

```
Program f08safe
     FO8SAF Example Program Text
1
     Mark 25 Release. NAG Copyright 2014.
      .. Use Statements ..
     Use nag_library, Only: ddisna, dsygv, dtrcon, f06rcf, nag_wp, x02ajf,
                             x04caf
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
!
     Implicit None
!
      .. Parameters ..
     Integer, Parameter
                                      :: nb = 64, nin = 5, nout = 6
     .. Local Scalars ..
     Real (Kind=nag_wp)
                                       :: anorm, bnorm, eps, rcond, rcondb,
                                          t1, t2, t3
                                       :: i, ifail, info, lda, ldb, lwork, n
     Integer
!
      .. Local Arrays ..
     :: dummy(1)
     Real (Kind=nag_wp)
     Integer, Allocatable
                                       :: iwork(:)
!
      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
     Intrinsic
                                       :: abs, max, nint
      \ldots Executable Statements \ldots
     Write (nout,*) 'FO8SAF Example Program Results'
     Write (nout,*)
     Skip heading in data file
     Read (nin,*)
     Read (nin,*) n
     lda = n
     ldb = n
     Allocate (a(lda,n),b(ldb,n),eerbnd(n),rcondz(n),w(n),zerbnd(n),iwork(n))
     Use routine workspace query to get optimal workspace.
     lwork = -1
      The NAG name equivalent of dsygv is f08saf
      Call dsygv(1,'Vectors','Upper',n,a,lda,b,ldb,w,dummy,lwork,info)
!
     Make sure that there is enough workspace for blocksize nb.
      lwork = max((nb+2)*n,nint(dummy(1)))
     Allocate (work(lwork))
     Read the upper triangular parts of the matrices A and B
!
     Read (nin,*)(a(i,i:n),i=1,n)
     Read (nin,*)(b(i,i:n),i=1,n)
1
     Compute the one-norms of the symmetric matrices A and B
     anorm = f06rcf('One norm','Upper',n,a,lda,work)
bnorm = f06rcf('One norm','Upper',n,b,ldb,work)
     Solve the generalized symmetric eigenvalue problem
1
     A*x = lambda*B*x (ITYPE = 1)
     The NAG name equivalent of dsygv is f08saf
     Call dsygv(1,'Vectors','Upper',n,a,lda,b,ldb,w,work,lwork,info)
     If (info==0) Then
1
       Print solution
        Write (nout,*) 'Eigenvalues'
        Write (nout, 99999) w(1:n)
        Write (nout,*)
        Flush (nout)
```

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```
Normalize the eigenvectors
        Do i = 1, n
         a(1:n,i) = a(1:n,i)/a(1,i)
        End Do
!
        ifail: behaviour on error exit
               =0 for hard exit, =1 for quiet-soft, =-1 for noisy-soft
1
        ifail = 0
        Call x04caf('General',' ',n,n,a,lda,'Eigenvectors',ifail)
!
        Call DTRCON (F07TGF) to estimate the reciprocal condition
        number of the Cholesky factor of B. Note that:
!
!
        cond(B) = 1/rcond**2
        The NAG name equivalent of dtrcon is f07tgf
        Call dtrcon('One norm','Upper','Non-unit',n,b,ldb,rcond,work,iwork, &
          info)
       Print the reciprocal condition number of B
        rcondb = rcond**2
        Write (nout,*)
        Write (nout,*) 'Estimate of reciprocal condition number for B'
        Write (nout, 99998) rcondb
        Flush (nout)
        Get the machine precision, eps, and if rcondb is not less
!
        than eps**2, compute error estimates for the eigenvalues and
        eigenvectors
        eps = x02ajf()
        If (rcond>=eps) Then
          Call DDISNA (FO8FLF) to estimate reciprocal condition
!
          numbers for the eigenvectors of (A - lambda*B)
          Call ddisna('Eigenvectors',n,n,w,rcondz,info)
          Compute the error estimates for the eigenvalues and
1
          eigenvectors
          t1 = eps/rcondb
          t2 = anorm/bnorm
          t3 = t2/rcond
          Do i = 1, n
            eerbnd(i) = t1*(t2+abs(w(i)))
            zerbnd(i) = t1*(t3+abs(w(i)))/rcondz(i)
          End Do
          Print the approximate error bounds for the eigenvalues
          and vectors
          Write (nout,*)
          Write (nout,*) 'Error estimates for the eigenvalues'
          Write (nout, 99998) eerbnd(1:n)
          Write (nout,*)
         Write (nout,*) 'Error estimates for the eigenvectors' Write (nout,99998) zerbnd(1:n)
        Else
          Write (nout,*)
          Write (nout,*) 'B is very ill-conditioned, error ', &
            'estimates have not been computed'
        End If
      Else If (info>n .And. info<=2*n) Then
        i = info - n
        Write (nout, 99997) 'The leading minor of order ', i, &
         ' of B is not positive definite'
        Write (nout, 99996) 'Failure in DSYGV. INFO =', info
     End If
```

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```
99999 Format (3X,(6F11.4))
99998 Format (4X,1P,6E11.1)
99997 Format (1X,A,14,A)
99996 Format (1X,A,14)
End Program f08safe
```

10.2 Program Data

FO8SAF Example Program Data

4				:Value of N			
0.24	0.39 -0.11	0.79	0.63 0.48	:End	of	matrix	A
4.16	-3.12 5.03	-0.83	1.09 0.34	:End	of	matrix	В

10.3 Program Results

FO8SAF Example Program Results

```
Eigenvalues
                -0.4548 0.1001 1.1270
     -2.2254
Eigenvectors
                    2
           1
                                3
                         1.0000
                                   1.0000
1.2240
              1.0000
1.7303
      1.0000
2
      8.3184
3
     22.3569
               -1.1354
                          -0.1129
                                     1.6780
                        -1.0611
               -2.0169
    -20.2941
                                     -0.4540
Estimate of reciprocal condition number for B
      5.8E-03
Error estimates for the eigenvalues
      4.7E-14 1.2E-14 5.6E-15
                                      2.5E-14
Error estimates for the eigenvectors
      5.2E-14
                1.0E-13
                           9.2E-14
                                      6.9E - 14
```

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