

## NAG Library Routine Document

### F08UAF (DSBGV)

**Note:** before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

#### 1 Purpose

F08UAF (DSBGV) computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, the eigenvectors of a real generalized symmetric-definite banded eigenproblem, of the form

$$Az = \lambda Bz,$$

where  $A$  and  $B$  are symmetric and banded, and  $B$  is also positive definite.

#### 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F08UAF (JOBZ, UPLO, N, KA, KB, AB, LDAB, BB, LDBB, W, Z, LDZ,      &
                  WORK, INFO)
```

```
INTEGER          N, KA, KB, LDAB, LDBB, LDZ, INFO
REAL (KIND=nag_wp) AB(LDAB,*), BB(LDBB,*), W(N), Z(LDZ,*), WORK(3*N)
CHARACTER(1)     JOBZ, UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name *dsbgv*.

#### 3 Description

The generalized symmetric-definite band problem

$$Az = \lambda Bz$$

is first reduced to a standard band symmetric problem

$$Cx = \lambda x,$$

where  $C$  is a symmetric band matrix, using Wilkinson's modification to Crawford's algorithm (see Crawford (1973) and Wilkinson (1977)). The symmetric eigenvalue problem is then solved for the eigenvalues and the eigenvectors, if required, which are then backtransformed to the eigenvectors of the original problem.

The eigenvectors are normalized so that the matrix of eigenvectors,  $Z$ , satisfies

$$Z^T A Z = \Lambda \quad \text{and} \quad Z^T B Z = I,$$

where  $\Lambda$  is the diagonal matrix whose diagonal elements are the eigenvalues.

#### 4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D (1999) *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia <http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug>

Crawford C R (1973) Reduction of a band-symmetric generalized eigenvalue problem *Comm. ACM* **16** 41–44

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

Wilkinson J H (1977) Some recent advances in numerical linear algebra *The State of the Art in Numerical Analysis* (ed D A H Jacobs) Academic Press

## 5 Parameters

- 1: JOBZ – CHARACTER(1) *Input*  
*On entry:* indicates whether eigenvectors are computed.  
 JOBZ = 'N'  
     Only eigenvalues are computed.  
 JOBZ = 'V'  
     Eigenvalues and eigenvectors are computed.  
*Constraint:* JOBZ = 'N' or 'V'.
- 2: UPLO – CHARACTER(1) *Input*  
*On entry:* if UPLO = 'U', the upper triangles of  $A$  and  $B$  are stored.  
 If UPLO = 'L', the lower triangles of  $A$  and  $B$  are stored.  
*Constraint:* UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.
- 3: N – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the order of the matrices  $A$  and  $B$ .  
*Constraint:*  $N \geq 0$ .
- 4: KA – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* if UPLO = 'U', the number of superdiagonals,  $k_a$ , of the matrix  $A$ .  
 If UPLO = 'L', the number of subdiagonals,  $k_a$ , of the matrix  $A$ .  
*Constraint:*  $KA \geq 0$ .
- 5: KB – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* if UPLO = 'U', the number of superdiagonals,  $k_b$ , of the matrix  $B$ .  
 If UPLO = 'L', the number of subdiagonals,  $k_b$ , of the matrix  $B$ .  
*Constraint:*  $KA \geq KB \geq 0$ .
- 6: AB(LDAB,\*) – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array *Input/Output*  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array AB must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ .  
*On entry:* the upper or lower triangle of the  $n$  by  $n$  symmetric band matrix  $A$ .  
 The matrix is stored in rows 1 to  $k_a + 1$ , more precisely,  
     if UPLO = 'U', the elements of the upper triangle of  $A$  within the band must be stored with  
     element  $A_{ij}$  in  $AB(k_a + 1 + i - j, j)$  for  $\max(1, j - k_a) \leq i \leq j$ ;  
     if UPLO = 'L', the elements of the lower triangle of  $A$  within the band must be stored with  
     element  $A_{ij}$  in  $AB(1 + i - j, j)$  for  $j \leq i \leq \min(n, j + k_a)$ .  
*On exit:* the contents of AB are overwritten.
- 7: LDAB – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array AB as declared in the (sub)program from which  
 F08UAF (DSBGV) is called.  
*Constraint:*  $LDAB \geq KA + 1$ .

- 8: BB(LDBB,\*) – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array Input/Output  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array BB must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ .  
*On entry:* the upper or lower triangle of the  $n$  by  $n$  symmetric band matrix  $B$ .  
The matrix is stored in rows 1 to  $k_b + 1$ , more precisely,  
if UPLO = 'U', the elements of the upper triangle of  $B$  within the band must be stored with element  $B_{ij}$  in  $\text{BB}(k_b + 1 + i - j, j)$  for  $\max(1, j - k_b) \leq i \leq j$ ;  
if UPLO = 'L', the elements of the lower triangle of  $B$  within the band must be stored with element  $B_{ij}$  in  $\text{BB}(1 + i - j, j)$  for  $j \leq i \leq \min(n, j + k_b)$ .  
*On exit:* the factor  $S$  from the split Cholesky factorization  $B = S^T S$ , as returned by F08UFF (DPBSTF).
- 9: LDBB – INTEGER Input  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array BB as declared in the (sub)program from which F08UAF (DSBGV) is called.  
*Constraint:*  $\text{LDBB} \geq \text{KB} + 1$ .
- 10: W(N) – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array Output  
*On exit:* the eigenvalues in ascending order.
- 11: Z(LDZ,\*) – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array Output  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array Z must be at least  $\max(1, N)$  if JOBZ = 'V', and at least 1 otherwise.  
*On exit:* if JOBZ = 'V', Z contains the matrix Z of eigenvectors, with the  $i$ th column of Z holding the eigenvector associated with  $W(i)$ . The eigenvectors are normalized so that  $Z^T B Z = I$ .  
If JOBZ = 'N', Z is not referenced.
- 12: LDZ – INTEGER Input  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array Z as declared in the (sub)program from which F08UAF (DSBGV) is called.  
*Constraints:*  
if JOBZ = 'V',  $\text{LDZ} \geq \max(1, N)$ ;  
otherwise  $\text{LDZ} \geq 1$ .
- 13: WORK(3 × N) – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array Workspace
- 14: INFO – INTEGER Output  
*On exit:* INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO =  $-i$ , argument  $i$  had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

If INFO =  $i$  and  $i \leq N$ , the algorithm failed to converge;  $i$  off-diagonal elements of an intermediate tridiagonal form did not converge to zero.

If  $\text{INFO} = i$  and  $i > N$ , if  $\text{INFO} = N + i$ , for  $1 \leq i \leq N$ , then F08UFF (DPBSTF) returned  $\text{INFO} = i$ :  $B$  is not positive definite. The factorization of  $B$  could not be completed and no eigenvalues or eigenvectors were computed.

## 7 Accuracy

If  $B$  is ill-conditioned with respect to inversion, then the error bounds for the computed eigenvalues and vectors may be large, although when the diagonal elements of  $B$  differ widely in magnitude the eigenvalues and eigenvectors may be less sensitive than the condition of  $B$  would suggest. See Section 4.10 of Anderson *et al.* (1999) for details of the error bounds.

## 8 Parallelism and Performance

F08UAF (DSBGV) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

F08UAF (DSBGV) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

## 9 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is proportional to  $n^3$  if  $\text{JOBZ} = 'V'$  and, assuming that  $n \gg k_a$ , is approximately proportional to  $n^2 k_a$  otherwise.

The complex analogue of this routine is F08UNF (ZHBGV).

## 10 Example

This example finds all the eigenvalues of the generalized band symmetric eigenproblem  $Az = \lambda Bz$ , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0.24 & 0.39 & 0.42 & 0 \\ 0.39 & -0.11 & 0.79 & 0.63 \\ 0.42 & 0.79 & -0.25 & 0.48 \\ 0 & 0.63 & 0.48 & -0.03 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 2.07 & 0.95 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.95 & 1.69 & -0.29 & 0 \\ 0 & -0.29 & 0.65 & -0.33 \\ 0 & 0 & -0.33 & 1.17 \end{pmatrix}.$$

### 10.1 Program Text

```

Program f08uafe

!      F08UAF Example Program Text

!      Mark 25 Release. NAG Copyright 2014.

!      .. Use Statements ..
      Use nag_library, Only: dsbgv, nag_wp
!      .. Implicit None Statement ..
      Implicit None
!      .. Parameters ..
      Integer, Parameter          :: nin = 5, nout = 6
      Character (1), Parameter    :: uplo = 'U'
!      .. Local Scalars ..
      Integer                     :: i, info, j, ka, kb, ldab, ldbb, n
!      .. Local Arrays ..
      Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: ab(:,,:), bb(:,,:), w(:), work(:)
      Real (Kind=nag_wp)           :: dummy(1,1)
!      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
      Intrinsic                   :: max, min

```

```

!      .. Executable Statements ..
      Write (nout,*) 'F08UAF Example Program Results'
      Write (nout,*)
!      Skip heading in data file
      Read (nin,*)
      Read (nin,*) n, ka, kb
      ldab = ka + 1
      ldbb = kb + 1
      Allocate (ab(ldab,n),bb(ldbb,n),w(n),work(3*n))

!      Read the upper or lower triangular parts of the matrices A and
!      B from data file

      If (uplo=='U') Then
         Read (nin,*)((ab(ka+1+i-j,j),j=i,min(n,i+ka)),i=1,n)
         Read (nin,*)((bb(kb+1+i-j,j),j=i,min(n,i+kb)),i=1,n)
      Else If (uplo=='L') Then
         Read (nin,*)((ab(1+i-j,j),j=max(1,i-ka),i),i=1,n)
         Read (nin,*)((bb(1+i-j,j),j=max(1,i-kb),i),i=1,n)
      End If

!      Solve the generalized symmetric band eigenvalue problem
!      A*x = lambda*B*x

!      The NAG name equivalent of dsbgv is f08uaf
      Call dsbgv('No vectors',uplo,n,ka,kb,ab,ldab,bb,ldbb,w,dummy,1,work, &
         info)

      If (info==0) Then

!         Print solution

         Write (nout,*) 'Eigenvalues'
         Write (nout,99999) w(1:n)
         Else If (info>n .And. info<=2*n) Then
            i = info - n
            Write (nout,99998) 'The leading minor of order ', i, &
              ' of B is not positive definite'
         Else
            Write (nout,99997) 'Failure in DSBGV. INFO =', info
         End If

99999 Format (3X,(6F11.4))
99998 Format (1X,A,I4,A)
99997 Format (1X,A,I4)
      End Program f08uaf

```

## 10.2 Program Data

F08UAF Example Program Data

```

4      2      1      :Values of N, KA and KB

0.24   0.39   0.42
      -0.11   0.79   0.63
           -0.25   0.48
      -0.03   :End of matrix A

2.07   0.95
      1.69  -0.29
           0.65  -0.33
      1.17   :End of matrix B

```

## 10.3 Program Results

F08UAF Example Program Results

```

Eigenvalues
-0.8305   -0.6401   0.0992   1.8525

```

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