# **NAG Library Routine Document**

## X05ACF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

## 1 Purpose

X05ACF compares two date/time character strings, each stored in the format returned by X05ABF.

# 2 Specification

```
FUNCTION X05ACF (CTIME1, CTIME2)
INTEGER X05ACF
CHARACTER(*) CTIME1, CTIME2
```

# 3 Description

X05ACF compares two date/time character strings, and returns an integer that specifies which one is the earliest. The result is an integer returned through the routine name, with meaning as follows:

```
if X05ACF = -1, the first date/time string is earlier than the second;
```

if X05ACF = 0, the two date/time strings are equivalent;

if X05ACF = 1, the first date/time string is later than the second.

#### 4 References

None.

#### 5 Parameters

1: CTIME1 – CHARACTER(\*)
2: CTIME2 – CHARACTER(\*)
Input

On entry: the date/time strings to be compared. These are expected be in the format returned by X05ABF, although X05ACF will still attempt to interpret the strings if they vary slightly from this format. See Section 9 for further details.

#### 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

None.

# 7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

# 8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

#### 9 Further Comments

For flexibility, X05ACF will accept various formats for the two date/time strings CTIME1 and CTIME2.

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The strings do not have to be the same length. It is permissible, for example, to enter with one or both of the strings truncated to a smaller length, in which case missing fields are treated as zero.

Each character string may be of any length, but everything after character 80 is ignored.

Each string may or may not include an alphabetic day name, such as 'Wednesday', at its start. These day names are ignored, and no check is made that the day name corresponds correctly to the rest of the date.

The month name may contain any number of characters provided it uniquely identifies the month, however all characters that are supplied are significant.

Fields in the character string must be separated by one or more spaces.

The case of all alphabetic characters is not significant.

Any field in a date time string that is indecipherable according to the above rules will be converted to a zero value internally. Thus two strings that are completely indecipherable will compare equal.

According to these rules, all the following date/time strings are equivalent:

```
'Thursday 10th July 1958 12:43:17.320'
'THU 10th JULY 1958 12:43:17.320'
'10th Jul 1958 12:43:17.320'
```

# 10 Example

This example initializes two date/time strings, and compares them by a call to X05ACF.

#### 10.1 Program Text

```
Program x05acfe
      XO5ACF Example Program Text
1
      Mark 25 Release. NAG Copyright 2014.
      .. Use Statements ..
      Use nag_library, Only: x05acf
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
!
      Implicit None
      .. Parameters ..
!
      Integer, Parameter
.. Local Scalars ..
                                         :: nin = 5, nout = 6
1
      Integer
                                         :: k
      Character (50)
                                         :: ctime1, ctime2
      .. Executable Statements ..
      Write (nout,*) 'X05ACF Example Program Results'
!
      Skip heading in data file
      Read (nin,*)
      Read (nin,*) ctime1, ctime2
      k = x05acf(ctime1,ctime2)
      Write (nout, 99999) ctime1
      Select Case (k)
      Case (:-1)
        Write (nout,99999) 'is earlier than'
      Case (0)
        Write (nout, 99999) 'is equivalent to'
      Case (1:)
        Write (nout, 99999) 'is later than'
      End Select
```

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Write (nout,99999) ctime2

99999 Format (1X,A) End Program x05acfe

# 10.2 Program Data

X05ACF Example Program Data 'Thu 27th April 1989 13:15:21.320' 'Wed 26th April 1989 11:23:14.130'

#### 10.3 Program Results

X05ACF Example Program Results Thu 27th April 1989 13:15:21.320 is later than Wed 26th April 1989 11:23:14.130

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