NAG Library Routine Document F07FEF (DPOTRS)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F07FEF (DPOTRS) solves a real symmetric positive definite system of linear equations with multiple right-hand sides,

$$AX = B$$
,

where A has been factorized by F07FDF (DPOTRF).

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F07FEF (UPLO, N, NRHS, A, LDA, B, LDB, INFO)

INTEGER N, NRHS, LDA, LDB, INFO

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) A(LDA,*), B(LDB,*)

CHARACTER(1) UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name dpotrs.

3 Description

F07FEF (DPOTRS) is used to solve a real symmetric positive definite system of linear equations AX = B, this routine must be preceded by a call to F07FDF (DPOTRF) which computes the Cholesky factorization of A. The solution X is computed by forward and backward substitution.

If UPLO = 'U', $A = U^TU$, where U is upper triangular; the solution X is computed by solving $U^TY = B$ and then UX = Y.

If UPLO = 'L', $A = LL^T$, where L is lower triangular; the solution X is computed by solving LY = B and then $L^TX = Y$.

4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Arguments

1: UPLO – CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: specifies how A has been factorized.

UPLO = 'U'

 $A = U^{T}U$, where U is upper triangular.

UPLO = 'L'

 $A = LL^{T}$, where L is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

2: N – INTEGER

Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: $N \ge 0$.

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3: NRHS – INTEGER Input

On entry: r, the number of right-hand sides.

Constraint: NRHS ≥ 0 .

4: A(LDA,*) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Input

Note: the second dimension of the array A must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the Cholesky factor of A, as returned by F07FDF (DPOTRF).

5: LDA – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F07FEF (DPOTRS) is called.

Constraint: LDA $\geq \max(1, N)$.

6: $B(LDB,*) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array$

Input/Output

Note: the second dimension of the array B must be at least max(1, NRHS).

On entry: the n by r right-hand side matrix B.

On exit: the n by r solution matrix X.

7: LDB – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array B as declared in the (sub)program from which F07FEF (DPOTRS) is called.

Constraint: LDB $\geq \max(1, N)$.

8: INFO – INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, argument i had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

7 Accuracy

For each right-hand side vector b, the computed solution x is the exact solution of a perturbed system of equations (A + E)x = b, where

if UPLO = 'U',
$$|E| \le c(n)\epsilon |U^{\mathsf{T}}||U|$$
;

if UPLO = 'L',
$$|E| \le c(n)\epsilon |L||L^{\mathsf{T}}|$$
,

c(n) is a modest linear function of n, and ϵ is the **machine precision**.

If \hat{x} is the true solution, then the computed solution x satisfies a forward error bound of the form

$$\frac{\|x - \hat{x}\|_{\infty}}{\|x\|_{\infty}} \le c(n)\operatorname{cond}(A, x)\epsilon$$

where $\operatorname{cond}(A,x) = \left\| \left| A^{-1} \right| |A| |x| \right\|_{\infty} / \|x\|_{\infty} \le \operatorname{cond}(A) = \left\| \left| A^{-1} \right| |A| \right\|_{\infty} \le \kappa_{\infty}(A).$

Note that cond(A, x) can be much smaller than cond(A).

Forward and backward error bounds can be computed by calling F07FHF (DPORFS), and an estimate for $\kappa_{\infty}(A)$ (= $\kappa_1(A)$) can be obtained by calling F07FGF (DPOCON).

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8 Parallelism and Performance

F07FEF (DPOTRS) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

F07FEF (DPOTRS) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is approximately $2n^2r$.

This routine may be followed by a call to F07FHF (DPORFS) to refine the solution and return an error estimate.

The complex analogue of this routine is F07FSF (ZPOTRS).

10 Example

This example solves the system of equations AX = B, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4.16 & -3.12 & 0.56 & -0.10 \\ -3.12 & 5.03 & -0.83 & 1.18 \\ 0.56 & -0.83 & 0.76 & 0.34 \\ -0.10 & 1.18 & 0.34 & 1.18 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 8.70 & 8.30 \\ -13.35 & 2.13 \\ 1.89 & 1.61 \\ -4.14 & 5.00 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here A is symmetric positive definite and must first be factorized by F07FDF (DPOTRF).

10.1 Program Text

```
Program f07fefe
1
     FO7FEF Example Program Text
1
     Mark 26 Release. NAG Copyright 2016.
!
      .. Use Statements ..
     Use nag_library, Only: dpotrf, dpotrs, nag_wp, x04caf
!
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
     Implicit None
      .. Parameters ..
!
                                       :: nin = 5, nout = 6
     Integer, Parameter
      .. Local Scalars ..
                                        :: i, ifail, info, lda, ldb, n, nrhs
     Integer
     Character (1)
                                        :: uplo
!
      .. Local Arrays ..
     Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: a(:,:), b(:,:)
!
      .. Executable Statements ..
     Write (nout,*) 'F07FEF Example Program Results'
!
     Skip heading in data file
     Read (nin,*)
     Read (nin,*) n, nrhs
     lda = n
     Allocate (a(lda,n),b(ldb,nrhs))
     Read A and B from data file
     Read (nin,*) uplo
     If (uplo=='U') Then
        Read (nin,*)(a(i,i:n),i=1,n)
     Else If (uplo=='L') Then
```

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```
Read (nin,*)(a(i,1:i),i=1,n)
     End If
     Read (nin,*)(b(i,1:nrhs),i=1,n)
     Factorize A
     The NAG name equivalent of dpotrf is f07fdf
     Call dpotrf(uplo,n,a,lda,info)
     Write (nout,*)
     Flush (nout)
     If (info==0) Then
        Compute solution
       The NAG name equivalent of dpotrs is f07fef
!
       Call dpotrs(uplo,n,nrhs,a,lda,b,ldb,info)
!
       Print solution
        ifail: behaviour on error exit
              =0 for hard exit, =1 for quiet-soft, =-1 for noisy-soft
!
        ifail = 0
        Call x04caf('General',' ',n,nrhs,b,ldb,'Solution(s)',ifail)
     Else
       Write (nout,*) 'A is not positive definite'
     End If
   End Program f07fefe
```

10.2 Program Data

```
F07FEF Example Program Data
 4 2
'L'
                            :Values of N and NRHS
                            :Value of UPLO
 4.16
-3.12
       5.03
 0.56 -0.83
               0.76
       1.18
                    1.18 :End of matrix A
-0.10
             0.34
 8.70
        8.30
-13.35
       2.13
 1.89
       1.61
                            :End of matrix B
      5.00
-4.14
```

10.3 Program Results

F07FEF Example Program Results

Solution(s)

1 2
1 1.0000 4.0000
2 -1.0000 3.0000
3 2.0000 2.0000
4 -3.0000 1.0000

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