NAG Library Routine Document F07MSF (ZHETRS)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F07MSF (ZHETRS) solves a complex Hermitian indefinite system of linear equations with multiple right-hand sides,

$$AX = B$$
,

where A has been factorized by F07MRF (ZHETRF).

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE FO7MSF (UPLO, N, NRHS, A, LDA, IPIV, B, LDB, INFO)
INTEGER

N, NRHS, LDA, IPIV(*), LDB, INFO
COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) A(LDA,*), B(LDB,*)
CHARACTER(1)

UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name zhetrs.

3 Description

F07MSF (ZHETRS) is used to solve a complex Hermitian indefinite system of linear equations AX = B, this routine must be preceded by a call to F07MRF (ZHETRF) which computes the Bunch-Kaufman factorization of A.

If UPLO = 'U', $A = PUDU^{H}P^{T}$, where P is a permutation matrix, U is an upper triangular matrix and D is an Hermitian block diagonal matrix with 1 by 1 and 2 by 2 blocks; the solution X is computed by solving PUDY = B and then $U^{H}P^{T}X = Y$.

If UPLO = 'L', $A = PLDL^HP^T$, where L is a lower triangular matrix; the solution X is computed by solving PLDY = B and then $L^HP^TX = Y$.

4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Arguments

1: UPLO - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: specifies how A has been factorized.

UPLO = 'U'

 $A = PUDU^{H}P^{T}$, where U is upper triangular.

UPLO = 'L'

 $A = PLDL^{H}P^{T}$, where L is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

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2: N – INTEGER Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: $N \ge 0$.

3: NRHS – INTEGER Input

On entry: r, the number of right-hand sides.

Constraint: NRHS ≥ 0 .

4: A(LDA,*) - COMPLEX (KIND=nag wp) array

Input

Note: the second dimension of the array A must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: details of the factorization of A, as returned by F07MRF (ZHETRF).

5: LDA – INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F07MSF (ZHETRS) is called.

Constraint: LDA $\geq \max(1, N)$.

6: IPIV(∗) − INTEGER array

Input

Note: the dimension of the array IPIV must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: details of the interchanges and the block structure of D, as returned by F07MRF (ZHETRF).

7: B(LDB,*) - COMPLEX (KIND=nag wp) array

Input/Output

Note: the second dimension of the array B must be at least max(1, NRHS).

On entry: the n by r right-hand side matrix B.

On exit: the n by r solution matrix X.

8: LDB – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array B as declared in the (sub)program from which F07MSF (ZHETRS) is called.

Constraint: LDB $\geq \max(1, N)$.

9: INFO – INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, argument i had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

7 Accuracy

For each right-hand side vector b, the computed solution x is the exact solution of a perturbed system of equations (A + E)x = b, where

$$\begin{split} &\text{if UPLO} = \text{'U'}, \ |E| \leq c(n)\epsilon P|U||D||U^{\text{H}}|P^{\text{T}}; \\ &\text{if UPLO} = \text{'L'}, \ |E| \leq c(n)\epsilon P|L||D||L^{\text{H}}|P^{\text{T}}, \end{split}$$

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c(n) is a modest linear function of n, and ϵ is the machine precision.

If \hat{x} is the true solution, then the computed solution x satisfies a forward error bound of the form

$$\frac{\|x - \hat{x}\|_{\infty}}{\|x\|_{\infty}} \le c(n)\operatorname{cond}(A, x)\epsilon$$

where $\operatorname{cond}(A, x) = \||A^{-1}||A||x|\|_{\infty} / \|x\|_{\infty} \le \operatorname{cond}(A) = \||A^{-1}||A|\|_{\infty} \le \kappa_{\infty}(A).$

Note that cond(A, x) can be much smaller than cond(A).

Forward and backward error bounds can be computed by calling F07MVF (ZHERFS), and an estimate for $\kappa_{\infty}(A)$ (= $\kappa_1(A)$) can be obtained by calling F07MUF (ZHECON).

8 Parallelism and Performance

F07MSF (ZHETRS) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The total number of real floating-point operations is approximately $8n^2r$.

This routine may be followed by a call to F07MVF (ZHERFS) to refine the solution and return an error estimate.

The real analogue of this routine is F07MEF (DSYTRS).

10 Example

This example solves the system of equations AX = B, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1.36 + 0.00i & 1.58 + 0.90i & 2.21 - 0.21i & 3.91 + 1.50i \\ 1.58 - 0.90i & -8.87 + 0.00i & -1.84 - 0.03i & -1.78 + 1.18i \\ 2.21 + 0.21i & -1.84 + 0.03i & -4.63 + 0.00i & 0.11 + 0.11i \\ 3.91 - 1.50i & -1.78 - 1.18i & 0.11 - 0.11i & -1.84 + 0.00i \end{pmatrix}$$

and

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 7.79 + 5.48i & -35.39 + 18.01i \\ -0.77 - 16.05i & 4.23 - 70.02i \\ -9.58 + 3.88i & -24.79 - 8.40i \\ 2.98 - 10.18i & 28.68 - 39.89i \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here A is Hermitian indefinite and must first be factorized by F07MRF (ZHETRF).

10.1 Program Text

```
Program f07msfe

! F07MSF Example Program Text

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! .. Use Statements ..
    Use nag_library, Only: nag_wp, x04dbf, zhetrf, zhetrs
    . Implicit None Statement ..
    Implicit None
! .. Parameters ..
    Integer, Parameter :: nin = 5, nout = 6
```

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```
.. Local Scalars ..
      Integer
                                       :: i, ifail, info, lda, ldb, lwork, n, &
                                          nrhs
      Character (1)
                                        :: uplo
1
      .. Local Arrays ..
      Complex (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: a(:,:), b(:,:), work(:)
      Integer, Allocatable
                                       :: ipiv(:)
      Character (1)
                                       :: clabs(1), rlabs(1)
      .. Executable Statements ..
     Write (nout,*) 'F07MSF Example Program Results'
!
      Skip heading in data file
      Read (nin,*)
      Read (nin,*) n, nrhs
      lda = n
      ldb = n
      lwork = 64*n
     Allocate (a(lda,n),b(ldb,nrhs),work(lwork),ipiv(n))
     Read A and B from data file
     Read (nin,*) uplo
      If (uplo=='U') Then
       Read (nin,*)(a(i,i:n),i=1,n)
      Else If (uplo=='L') Then
        Read (nin,*)(a(i,1:i),i=1,n)
      End If
     Read (nin,*)(b(i,1:nrhs),i=1,n)
!
     Factorize A
      The NAG name equivalent of zhetrf is f07mrf
      Call zhetrf(uplo,n,a,lda,ipiv,work,lwork,info)
     Write (nout, *)
     Flush (nout)
      If (info==0) Then
        Compute solution
        The NAG name equivalent of zhetrs is f07msf
!
        Call zhetrs(uplo,n,nrhs,a,lda,ipiv,b,ldb,info)
!
       Print solution
!
        ifail: behaviour on error exit
               =0 for hard exit, =1 for quiet-soft, =-1 for noisy-soft
        Call x04dbf('General',' ',n,nrhs,b,ldb,'Bracketed','F7.4'
          'Solution(s)','Integer',rlabs,'Integer',clabs,80,0,ifail)
       Write (nout,*) 'The factor D is singular'
      End If
    End Program f07msfe
10.2 Program Data
```

```
FO7MSF Example Program Data

4 2 :Values of N and NRHS

'L' :Value of UPLO

(-1.36, 0.00)
(1.58,-0.90) (-8.87, 0.00)
(2.21, 0.21) (-1.84, 0.03) (-4.63, 0.00)
(3.91,-1.50) (-1.78,-1.18) (0.11,-0.11) (-1.84, 0.00) :End of matrix A

(7.79, 5.48) (-35.39, 18.01)
(-0.77,-16.05) (4.23,-70.02)
(-9.58, 3.88) (-24.79, -8.40)
(2.98,-10.18) (28.68,-39.89) :End of matrix B
```

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10.3 Program Results

```
F07MSF Example Program Results

Solution(s)

1 2
1 (1.0000,-1.0000) (3.0000,-4.0000)
2 (-1.0000, 2.0000) (-1.0000, 5.0000)
3 (3.0000,-2.0000) (7.0000,-2.0000)
4 (2.0000, 1.0000) (-8.0000, 6.0000)
```

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