# NAG Library Routine Document F07PEF (DSPTRS)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

# 1 Purpose

F07PEF (DSPTRS) solves a real symmetric indefinite system of linear equations with multiple right-hand sides,

$$AX = B$$
,

where A has been factorized by F07PDF (DSPTRF), using packed storage.

# 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F07PEF (UPLO, N, NRHS, AP, IPIV, B, LDB, INFO)

INTEGER N, NRHS, IPIV(*), LDB, INFO

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) AP(*), B(LDB,*)

CHARACTER(1) UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name dsptrs.

# 3 Description

F07PEF (DSPTRS) is used to solve a real symmetric indefinite system of linear equations AX = B, the routine must be preceded by a call to F07PDF (DSPTRF) which computes the Bunch-Kaufman factorization of A, using packed storage.

If UPLO = 'U',  $A = PUDU^{T}P^{T}$ , where P is a permutation matrix, U is an upper triangular matrix and D is a symmetric block diagonal matrix with 1 by 1 and 2 by 2 blocks; the solution X is computed by solving PUDY = B and then  $U^{T}P^{T}X = Y$ .

If UPLO = 'L',  $A = PLDL^TP^T$ , where L is a lower triangular matrix; the solution X is computed by solving PLDY = B and then  $L^TP^TX = Y$ .

## 4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

# 5 Arguments

#### 1: UPLO - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: specifies how A has been factorized.

```
UPLO = 'U'
```

 $A = PUDU^{T}P^{T}$ , where U is upper triangular.

UPLO = 'L'

 $A = PLDL^{T}P^{T}$ , where L is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

Mark 26 F07PEF.1

F07PEF NAG Library Manual

2: N – INTEGER Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint:  $N \ge 0$ .

3: NRHS – INTEGER Input

On entry: r, the number of right-hand sides.

Constraint: NRHS  $\geq 0$ .

4: AP(\*) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Input

**Note**: the dimension of the array AP must be at least  $max(1, N \times (N+1)/2)$ .

On entry: the factorization of A stored in packed form, as returned by F07PDF (DSPTRF).

5: IPIV(\*) – INTEGER array

Input

**Note**: the dimension of the array IPIV must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: details of the interchanges and the block structure of D, as returned by F07PDF (DSPTRF).

6: B(LDB,\*) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Input/Output

**Note**: the second dimension of the array B must be at least max(1, NRHS).

On entry: the n by r right-hand side matrix B.

On exit: the n by r solution matrix X.

7: LDB – INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array B as declared in the (sub)program from which F07PEF (DSPTRS) is called.

Constraint: LDB > max(1, N).

8: INFO – INTEGER Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

# 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, argument i had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

## 7 Accuracy

For each right-hand side vector b, the computed solution x is the exact solution of a perturbed system of equations (A + E)x = b, where

if UPLO = 'U', 
$$|E| \le c(n)\epsilon P|U||D||U^{\mathsf{T}}|P^{\mathsf{T}}$$
;  
if UPLO = 'L',  $|E| \le c(n)\epsilon P|L||D||L^{\mathsf{T}}|P^{\mathsf{T}}$ ,

c(n) is a modest linear function of n, and  $\epsilon$  is the *machine precision*.

F07PEF.2 Mark 26

If  $\hat{x}$  is the true solution, then the computed solution x satisfies a forward error bound of the form

$$\frac{\|x - \hat{x}\|_{\infty}}{\|x\|_{\infty}} \le c(n)\operatorname{cond}(A, x)\epsilon$$

 $\text{where } \operatorname{cond}(A,x) = \left\| \left| A^{-1} \right| |A| |x| \right\|_{\infty} / \|x\|_{\infty} \leq \operatorname{cond}(A) = \left\| \left| A^{-1} \right| |A| \right\|_{\infty} \leq \kappa_{\infty}(A).$ 

Note that cond(A, x) can be much smaller than cond(A).

Forward and backward error bounds can be computed by calling F07PHF (DSPRFS), and an estimate for  $\kappa_{\infty}(A)$  ( =  $\kappa_1(A)$ ) can be obtained by calling F07PGF (DSPCON).

#### 8 Parallelism and Performance

F07PEF (DSPTRS) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

## 9 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is approximately  $2n^2r$ .

This routine may be followed by a call to F07PHF (DSPRFS) to refine the solution and return an error estimate.

The complex analogues of this routine are F07PSF (ZHPTRS) for Hermitian matrices and F07QSF (ZSPTRS) for symmetric matrices.

## 10 Example

This example solves the system of equations AX = B, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2.07 & 3.87 & 4.20 & -1.15 \\ 3.87 & -0.21 & 1.87 & 0.63 \\ 4.20 & 1.87 & 1.15 & 2.06 \\ -1.15 & 0.63 & 2.06 & -1.81 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} -9.50 & 27.85 \\ -8.38 & 9.90 \\ -6.07 & 19.25 \\ -0.96 & 3.93 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here A is symmetric indefinite, stored in packed form, and must first be factorized by F07PDF (DSPTRF).

## 10.1 Program Text

```
Program f07pefe
     FO7PEF Example Program Text
1
!
     Mark 26 Release. NAG Copyright 2016.
      .. Use Statements ..
     Use nag_library, Only: dsptrf, dsptrs, nag_wp, x04caf
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
     Implicit None
     .. Parameters ..
                                      :: nin = 5, nout = 6
     Integer, Parameter
!
     .. Local Scalars ..
                                      :: i, ifail, info, j, ldb, n, nrhs
     Integer
     Character (1)
                                      :: uplo
     .. Local Arrays ..
     Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: ap(:), b(:,:)
     Integer, Allocatable
                                     :: ipiv(:)
1
     .. Executable Statements ..
```

Mark 26 F07PEF.3

F07PEF NAG Library Manual

```
Write (nout,*) 'F07PEF Example Program Results'
!
      Skip heading in data file
     Read (nin,*)
      Read (nin,*) n, nrhs
      ldb = n
     Allocate (ap(n*(n+1)/2),b(ldb,nrhs),ipiv(n))
     Read A and B from data file
     Read (nin,*) uplo
     If (uplo=='U') Then
       Read (nin,*)((ap(i+j*(j-1)/2),j=i,n),i=1,n)
      Else If (uplo=='L') Then
       Read (nin,*)((ap(i+(2*n-j)*(j-1)/2),j=1,i),i=1,n)
      End If
     Read (nin,*)(b(i,1:nrhs),i=1,n)
     Factorize A
1
     The NAG name equivalent of dsptrf is f07pdf
     Call dsptrf(uplo,n,ap,ipiv,info)
     Write (nout, *)
     Flush (nout)
      If (info==0) Then
        Compute solution
        The NAG name equivalent of dsptrs is f07pef
        Call dsptrs(uplo,n,nrhs,ap,ipiv,b,ldb,info)
!
        Print solution
!
        ifail: behaviour on error exit
              =0 for hard exit, =1 for quiet-soft, =-1 for noisy-soft
        ifail = 0
        Call x04caf('General',' ',n,nrhs,b,ldb,'Solution(s)',ifail)
        Write (nout,*) 'The factor D is singular'
      End If
    End Program f07pefe
```

#### 10.2 Program Data

```
F07PEF Example Program Data
 4,2
'L'
                             :Values of N and NRHS
                             :Value of UPLO
 2.07
 3.87 -0.21
 4.20 1.87
               1.15
-1.15
        0.63
               2.06 -1.81
                             :End of matrix A
       27.85
-9.50
-8.38
        9.90
-6.07 19.25
-0.96
       3.93
                             :End of matrix B
```

# 10.3 Program Results

Solution(s) 1 2 1 -4.0000 1.0000 2 -1.0000 4.0000 2.0000 3.0000 3 4 5.0000 2.0000

FO7PEF Example Program Results

Mark 26 F07PEF.4 (last)