

NAG Toolbox

nag_blast_zamax_val (f16js)

1 Purpose

nag_blast_zamax_val (f16js) computes, with respect to absolute value, the largest component of a complex vector, along with the index of that component.

2 Syntax

```
[k, r] = nag_blast_zamax_val(n, x, incx)
[k, r] = f16js(n, x, incx)
```

3 Description

nag_blast_zamax_val (f16js) computes, with respect to absolute value, the largest component, r , of an n -element complex vector x , and determines the smallest index, k , such that

$$r = |\operatorname{Re} x_k| + |\operatorname{Im} x_k| = \max_j |\operatorname{Re} x_j| + |\operatorname{Im} x_j|.$$

4 References

Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001) *Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum Standard* University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee
<http://www.netlib.orgblas/blast-forum/blas-report.pdf>

5 Parameters

5.1 Compulsory Input Parameters

1: **n** – INTEGER

n , the number of elements in x .

2: **x(1 + (n - 1) × |incx|)** – COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) array

The vector x . Element x_i is stored in $\mathbf{x}((i - 1) \times |\text{incx}| + 1)$, for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.

3: **incx** – INTEGER

The increment in the subscripts of \mathbf{x} between successive elements of x .

Constraint: $\text{incx} \neq 0$.

5.2 Optional Input Parameters

None.

5.3 Output Parameters

1: **k** – INTEGER

k , the index, from the set $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$, of the largest component of x with respect to absolute value. If $\mathbf{n} \leq 0$ on input then \mathbf{k} is returned as 0.

2: \mathbf{r} – REAL (KIND=nag_wp)

r , the largest component of x with respect to absolute value. If $\mathbf{n} \leq 0$ on input then \mathbf{r} is returned as 0.0.

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

None.

7 Accuracy

The BLAS standard requires accurate implementations which avoid unnecessary over/underflow (see Section 2.7 of Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001)).

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

This example computes the largest component with respect to absolute value and index of that component for the vector

$$x = (-4 + 2.1i, 3.7 + 4.5i, -6 + 1.2i)^T.$$

9.1 Program Text

```
function f16js_example

fprintf('f16js example results\n\n');

% maxabs complex and location
n    = nag_int(3);
x    = [ -4 + 2.1i      3.7 + 4.5i      -6 + 1.2i];
incx = nag_int(1);

[xloc, xmax] = f16js(n, x, incx);

fprintf('maxabs(x) = |x(%4d)| = %5.1f\n', xloc, xmax);
```

9.2 Program Results

```
f16js example results

maxabs(x) = |x(    2)| =    8.2
```
