

# NAG Library Function Document

## nag\_implementation\_separated\_details (a00adc)

### 1 Purpose

nag\_implementation\_separated\_details (a00adc) prints information about the version of the NAG C Library in use.

### 2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <naga00.h>

void nag_implementation_separated_details (char *impl, char *prec,
    char *pcode, char *mkmaj, char *mkmin, char *hardware, char *opsys,
    char *ccomp, char *fcomp, char *vend, Nag_Boolean *licval)
```

### 3 Description

The NAG C Library is available for use on a number of different computer systems. For each distinct system an implementation of the library is prepared and this implementation is given a unique code. The specifics that define the implementation are: the working precision, the major and minor marks of the NAG C Library, the target hardware and operating system, the compiler used, and the vendor library (if any) that is also required to be linked. nag\_implementation\_separated\_details (a00adc) may be called to return, in separate arguments, these specific details of the NAG C Library implementation that is being used; it also returns whether a valid licence has been found for this implementation. This differs from nag\_implementation\_details (a00aac) which simply outputs the collected information in a readable form directly to the stdout (standard output) stream.

### 4 References

None.

### 5 Arguments

- |    |  |               |
|----|--|---------------|
| 1: | <b>impl</b> – char *   | <i>Output</i> |
|    | <i>On exit:</i> the implementation title which usually lists the target platform, operating system and compiler.   |               |
| 2: | <b>prec</b> – char *   | <i>Output</i> |
|    | <i>On exit:</i> the working or basic precision of the implementation. Some functions may perform operations in reduced precision or additional precision, but the great majority will perform all operations in basic precision.   |               |
| 3: | <b>pcode</b> – char *  | <i>Output</i> |
|    | <i>On exit:</i> the product code for the NAG C Library implementation that is being used. The code has a discernible structure, but it is not necessary to know the details of this structure. The product code can be used to differentiate between individual product licence codes. |               |
| 4: | <b>mkmaj</b> – char *  | <i>Output</i> |
|    | <i>On exit:</i> the major mark of the NAG C Library implementation that is being used.   |               |

- 5: **mkmin** – char \* *Output*  
*On exit:* the minor mark of the NAG C Library implementation that is being used.
- 6: **hware** – char \* *Output*  
*On exit:* the target hardware for the NAG C Library implementation that is being used.
- 7: **opsys** – char \* *Output*  
*On exit:* the target operating system for the NAG C Library implementation that is being used.
- 8: **ccomp** – char \* *Output*  
*On exit:* the C compiler used to build the NAG C Library implementation that is being used.
- 9: **fcomp** – char \* *Output*  
*On exit:* the Fortran compiler used to build the NAG C Library implementation that is being used.
- 10: **vend** – char \* *Output*  
*On exit:* the subsidiary library, if any, that must be linked with the NAG C Library implementation that is being used. If the implementation does not require a subsidiary library then the string  
                   '(self-contained)'  
 will be returned in **vend**.
- 11: **licval** – Nag\_Boolean \* *Output*  
*On exit:* specifies whether or not a valid licence has been found for the NAG C Library implementation that is being used.

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

None.

## 7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

## 8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

## 9 Further Comments

None.

## 10 Example

This example makes a call of `nag_implementation_separated_details` (a00adc), collects information on the NAG C Library implementation that is being used and prints it out in a form that is similar to the output obtained by a call to `nag_implementation_details` (a00aac).

## 10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_implementation_separated_details (a00adc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2014 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 9, 2009.
 */

#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <naga00.h>

int main(void)
{
    int          exit_status = 0;
    int          max_char_len = 180;
    char         *impl = 0, *prec = 0, *pcode = 0, *mkmaj = 0, *mkmin = 0,
                *hardware = 0, *opsys = 0, *ccomp = 0, *fcomp = 0, *vend = 0;
    Nag_Boolean licval;

    printf("nag_implementation_separated_details (a00adc)"
           " Example Program Results\n\n");

    if (!(impl = NAG_ALLOC(max_char_len, char)) ||
        !(prec = NAG_ALLOC(max_char_len, char)) ||
        !(pcode = NAG_ALLOC(max_char_len, char)) ||
        !(mkmaj = NAG_ALLOC(max_char_len, char)) ||
        !(mkmin = NAG_ALLOC(max_char_len, char)) ||
        !(hardware = NAG_ALLOC(max_char_len, char)) ||
        !(opsys = NAG_ALLOC(max_char_len, char)) ||
        !(ccomp = NAG_ALLOC(max_char_len, char)) ||
        !(fcomp = NAG_ALLOC(max_char_len, char)) ||
        !(vend = NAG_ALLOC(max_char_len, char)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    nag_implementation_separated_details(impl, prec, pcode, mkmaj, mkmin, hardware,
                                         opsys, ccomp, fcomp, vend, &licval);

    /* Print implementation details. */
    printf("*** Start of NAG C library implementation details ***\n\n");
    printf(" Implementation title: %s\n", impl);
    printf("           Precision: %s\n", prec);
    printf("           Product Code: %s\n", pcode);
    printf("           Mark: %s.%s\n", mkmaj, mkmin);
    if (!strcmp(vend, "(self-contained)"))
    {
        printf("           Vendor library: None\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("           Vendor library: %s\n", vend);
    }
    printf(" Applicable to:\n");
    printf("           hardware: %s\n", hardware);
    printf("           operating system: %s\n", opsys);
    printf("           C compiler: %s\n", ccomp);
    printf("           FORTRAN compiler: %s\n", fcomp);
    printf(" and compatible systems.\n");
    if (!licval)
    {
        printf("           Licence query: %s\n\n", "Unsuccessful");
    }
    else
    {

```

```

        printf("          Licence query: %s\n\n", "Successful");
    }
    printf(" *** End of NAG C Library implementation details ***\n");
END:

    NAG_FREE(impl);
    NAG_FREE(prec);
    NAG_FREE(pcode);
    NAG_FREE(mkmaj);
    NAG_FREE(mkmin);
    NAG_FREE(hardware);
    NAG_FREE(opsys);
    NAG_FREE(ccomp);
    NAG_FREE(fcomp);
    NAG_FREE(vend);

    return exit_status;
}

```

## 10.2 Program Data

None.

## 10.3 Program Results

nag\_implementation\_separated\_details (a00adc) Example Program Results

\*\*\* Start of NAG C library implementation details \*\*\*

```

Implementation title: NAG C Library
      Precision: double
      Product Code: CLL6A09D9
      Mark: 9.0
      Vendor library: None
Applicable to:
      hardware: x86_64
      operating system: Linux 2.6.25.10-47.fc8
      C compiler: gcc (GCC) 4.4.0 20090123 (experimental)
      FORTRAN compiler: NAGWare Fortran 95 compiler Release 5.1(347,355-
367,375,380-383
                                     389,394,399,401-402,407,431,435,437,446,459-
460,463,472,494,496
                                     503,508,511,517,529,555,557,565,595)
and compatible systems.
      Licence query: Successful

*** End of NAG C Library implementation details ***

```

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