

NAG Library Function Document

nag_dpptrf (f07gdc)

1 Purpose

nag_dpptrf (f07gdc) computes the Cholesky factorization of a real symmetric positive definite matrix, using packed storage.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf07.h>

void nag_dpptrf (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_UploType uplo, Integer n,
                double ap[], NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_dpptrf (f07gdc) forms the Cholesky factorization of a real symmetric positive definite matrix A either as $A = U^T U$ if **uplo** = Nag_Upper or $A = LL^T$ if **uplo** = Nag_Lower, where U is an upper triangular matrix and L is lower triangular, using packed storage.

4 References

Demmel J W (1989) On floating-point errors in Cholesky *LAPACK Working Note No. 14* University of Tennessee, Knoxville <http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lawnspdf/lawn14.pdf>

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

2: **uplo** – Nag_UploType *Input*

On entry: specifies whether the upper or lower triangular part of A is stored and how A is to be factorized.

uplo = Nag_Upper

The upper triangular part of A is stored and A is factorized as $U^T U$, where U is upper triangular.

uplo = Nag_Lower

The lower triangular part of A is stored and A is factorized as LL^T , where L is lower triangular.

Constraint: **uplo** = Nag_Upper or Nag_Lower.

- 3: **n** – Integer *Input*
On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .
Constraint: $n \geq 0$.
- 4: **ap**[*dim*] – double *Input/Output*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **ap** must be at least $\max(1, n \times (n + 1)/2)$.
On entry: the n by n symmetric matrix A , packed by rows or columns.
The storage of elements A_{ij} depends on the **order** and **uplo** arguments as follows:
if **order** = Nag_ColMajor and **uplo** = Nag_Upper,
 A_{ij} is stored in **ap**[($j - 1$) \times $j/2 + i - 1$], for $i \leq j$;
if **order** = Nag_ColMajor and **uplo** = Nag_Lower,
 A_{ij} is stored in **ap**[($2n - j$) \times ($j - 1$)/2 + $i - 1$], for $i \geq j$;
if **order** = Nag_RowMajor and **uplo** = Nag_Upper,
 A_{ij} is stored in **ap**[($2n - i$) \times ($i - 1$)/2 + $j - 1$], for $i \leq j$;
if **order** = Nag_RowMajor and **uplo** = Nag_Lower,
 A_{ij} is stored in **ap**[($i - 1$) \times $i/2 + j - 1$], for $i \geq j$.
On exit: if **fail.code** = NE_NOERROR, the factor U or L from the Cholesky factorization $A = U^T U$ or $A = LL^T$, in the same storage format as A .
- 5: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.
See Section 3.2.1.2 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $n \geq 0$.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.
See Section 3.6.6 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

NE_NO_LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.
See Section 3.6.5 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

NE_POS_DEF

The leading minor of order $\langle value \rangle$ is not positive definite and the factorization could not be completed. Hence A itself is not positive definite. This may indicate an error in forming the matrix A . To factorize a symmetric matrix which is not positive definite, call nag_dsprtf (f07pdc) instead.

7 Accuracy

If `uplo = Nag_Upper`, the computed factor U is the exact factor of a perturbed matrix $A + E$, where

$$|E| \leq c(n)\epsilon|U^T||U|,$$

$c(n)$ is a modest linear function of n , and ϵ is the *machine precision*.

If `uplo = Nag_Lower`, a similar statement holds for the computed factor L . It follows that $|e_{ij}| \leq c(n)\epsilon\sqrt{a_{ii}a_{jj}}$.

8 Parallelism and Performance

`nag_dpptf (f07gdc)` is not threaded by NAG in any implementation.

`nag_dpptf (f07gdc)` makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this function. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is approximately $\frac{1}{3}n^3$.

A call to `nag_dpptf (f07gdc)` may be followed by calls to the functions:

`nag_dpptrs (f07gec)` to solve $AX = B$;

`nag_dppcon (f07ggc)` to estimate the condition number of A ;

`nag_dpptri (f07gjc)` to compute the inverse of A .

The complex analogue of this function is `nag_zpptf (f07grc)`.

10 Example

This example computes the Cholesky factorization of the matrix A , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4.16 & -3.12 & 0.56 & -0.10 \\ -3.12 & 5.03 & -0.83 & 1.18 \\ 0.56 & -0.83 & 0.76 & 0.34 \\ -0.10 & 1.18 & 0.34 & 1.18 \end{pmatrix},$$

using packed storage.

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_dpptf (f07gdc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2014 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 7, 2001.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf07.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
```

```

Integer      ap_len, i, j, n;
Integer      exit_status = 0;
Nag_UploType uplo;
NagError     fail;
Nag_OrderType order;

/* Arrays */
char         nag_enum_arg[40];
double       *ap = 0;
#ifdef NAG_LOAD_FP
/* The following line is needed to force the Microsoft linker
to load floating point support */
float        force_loading_of_ms_float_support = 0;
#endif /* NAG_LOAD_FP */

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define A_UPPER(I, J) ap[J*(J-1)/2 + I - 1]
#define A_LOWER(I, J) ap[(2*n-J)*(J-1)/2 + I - 1]
order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define A_LOWER(I, J) ap[I*(I-1)/2 + J - 1]
#define A_UPPER(I, J) ap[(2*n-I)*(I-1)/2 + J - 1]
order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

INIT_FAIL(fail);

printf("nag_dpptf (f07gdc) Example Program Results\n\n");

/* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%"NAG_IFMT"%*[\n] ", &n);
#else
scanf("%"NAG_IFMT"%*[\n] ", &n);
#endif
ap_len = n*(n+1)/2;

/* Allocate memory */
if (!(ap = NAG_ALLOC(ap_len, double)))
{
printf("Allocation failure\n");
exit_status = -1;
goto END;
}

/* Read A from data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s(" %39s%*[\n] ", nag_enum_arg, _countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
scanf(" %39s%*[\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
/* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
* Converts NAG enum member name to value
*/
uplo = (Nag_UploType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);

if (uplo == Nag_Upper)
{
for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
{
for (j = i; j <= n; ++j)
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%lf", &A_UPPER(i, j));
#else
scanf("%lf", &A_UPPER(i, j));

```

```

#endif
    }
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif
    }
    else
    {
        for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
        {
            for (j = 1; j <= i; ++j)
#ifdef _WIN32
                scanf_s("%lf", &A_LOWER(i, j));
#else
                scanf("%lf", &A_LOWER(i, j));
#endif
        }
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif
    }
    /* Factorize A */
    /* nag_dpptrf (f07gdc).
     * Cholesky factorization of real symmetric
     * positive-definite matrix, packed storage
     */
    nag_dpptrf(order, uplo, n, ap, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
        printf("Error from nag_dpptrf (f07gdc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
    /* Print factor */
    /* nag_pack_real_mat_print (x04ccc).
     * Print real packed triangular matrix (easy-to-use)
     */
    fflush(stdout);
    nag_pack_real_mat_print(order, uplo, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n, ap,
                            "Factor", 0, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
        printf("Error from nag_pack_real_mat_print (x04ccc).\n%s\n",
              fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }

    END:
    NAG_FREE(ap);
    return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_dpptrf (f07gdc) Example Program Data
 4                                     :Value of n
 Nag_Lower                             :Value of uplo
 4.16
-3.12  5.03
 0.56 -0.83  0.76
-0.10  1.18  0.34  1.18  :End of matrix A

```

10.3 Program Results

nag_dpptrf (f07gdc) Example Program Results

Factor	1	2	3	4
1	2.0396			
2	-1.5297	1.6401		
3	0.2746	-0.2500	0.7887	
4	-0.0490	0.6737	0.6617	0.5347
