# **NAG Library Function Document**

# nag ip mps read (h02buc)

# 1 Purpose

nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) reads data for a linear, quadratic, or integer programming problem from a file which is in standard or compatible MPSX input format.

# 2 Specification

# 3 Description

nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) reads linear programming (LP), linear terms of quadratic programming (QP), or integer programming (IP) problem data from a file which is prepared in standard or compatible MPSX (IBM (1971)) input format and then initializes n (the number of variables), m (the number of general linear constraints), the m by n matrix A, and the vectors l, u and c for use with functions which are designed to solve problems of the form

where f(x) is a linear function (of the form  $c^Tx$ ) or a quadratic function (of the form  $c^Tx + \frac{1}{2}x^THx$ ). Note that for quadratic problems, nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) reads only the linear part of the objective; the quadratic part must be supplied separately to the solver. See the documentation for the appropriate solver for further details. (nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) is primarily designed for use with nag\_ip\_bb (h02bbc), but may also be used in conjunction with nag\_opt\_lp (e04mfc), nag\_opt\_lin\_lsq (e04ncc) and nag\_opt\_qp (e04nfc)).

Since, in general, the exact size of the problem defined by an MPSX file may not be known in advance, the arrays returned by nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) are all allocated internally.

#### **MPSX Input Format**

The MPSX data file may only contain two types of line:

- 1. Indicator lines (specifying the type of data which is to follow).
- 2. Data lines (specifying the actual data).

The input file must not contain any blank lines. Any characters beyond column 80 are ignored. Indicator lines must not contain leading blank characters (in other words they must begin in column 1). The following displays the order in which the indicator lines must appear in the file:

```
NAME user-supplied name ROWS data line(s) COLUMNS data line(s) RHS data line(s) RANGES (optional) data line(s) BOUNDS (optional) data line(s) ENDATA
```

The 'user-supplied name' specifies a name for the problem and must occupy columns 15-22. The name can either be blank or up to a maximum of 8 characters.

A data line follows the same fixed format made up of fields defined below. The contents of the fields may have different significance depending upon the section of data in which they appear.

	Field 1	Field 2	Field 3	Field 4	Field 5	Field 6
Columns	2-3	5-12	15-22	25-36	40-47	50-61
Contents	Code	Name	Name	Value	Name	Value

The names and codes consist of 'alphanumeric' characters (i.e., a-z, A-Z, 0-9, +, -, asterisk (\*), blank (), colon (:), dollar sign (\$) or full stop (.) only) and the names must not contain leading blank characters. Values may be entered in several equivalent forms. For example, 1.2345678, 1.2345678e-2 and 12345678e-07 all represent the same number. It is safest to include an explicit decimal point. Note that the lower case 'e' exponential notation is not standard MPSX, and if compatibility with other MPSX readers is required then the upper case notation should be used. The lower case notation is supported by  $nag_ip_mps_read$  (h02buc) since this is the natural notation in a C programming language environment.

It is recommended that numeric values be *right-justified* in the 12-character field, with no trailing blanks. This is to ensure compatibility with other MPSX readers, some of which may, in certain situations, interpret trailing blanks as zeros. This can dramatically affect the interpretation of the value and is relevant if the value contains an exponent, or if it contains neither an exponent nor an explicit decimal point.

Comment lines are allowed in the data file. These must have an asterisk (\*) in column 1 and any characters in columns 2-80. In any data line, a dollar sign (\$) as the first character in field 3 or 5 indicates that the information from that point through column 80 consists of comments.

Columns outside the six fields must be blank, except for columns 72-80, whose contents are ignored by the function. These columns may be used to enter a sequence number. A non-blank character outside the predefined six fields and columns 72-80 is considered to be a major error unless it is part of a comment.

#### **ROWS Data Lines**

These lines specify row (constraint) names and their inequality types (i.e., =,  $\geq$  or  $\leq$ ).

Field 1: defines the constraint type as follows (may be in column 2 or column 3):

Nfree row, i.e., no constraint. It may be used to define the objective row.

Ggreater than or equal to (i.e.,  $\geq$ ).

Lless than or equal to (i.e.,  $\leq$ ).

Eexactly equal to (i.e., =).

Field 2: defines the row name.

Row type N stands for 'Not binding', also known as 'Free'. It can be used to define the objective row. The objective row is a free row that specifies the vector c in the linear objective term  $c^Tx$ . It is taken to be the first free row, unless some other free row name is specified by the optional parameter **options.obj\_name** (see Section 11.2). Note that c is assumed to be zero if (for example) the line

```
%N%%DUMMYROW
```

(where % denotes a blank) appears in the ROWS section of the MPSX data file, and the row name DUMMYROW is omitted from the COLUMNS section.

#### **COLUMNS Data Lines**

These lines specify the names to be assigned to the variables (columns) in the general linear constraint matrix A, and define, in terms of column vectors, the actual values of the corresponding matrix elements.

Field 1: blank (ignored).

Field 2: gives the name of the column associated with the elements specified in the following fields.

Field 3: contains the name of a row.

Field 4: used in conjunction with field 3; contains the value of the matrix element.

h02buc.2 Mark 26

Field 5: is optional (may be used like field 3).

Field 6: is optional (may be used like field 4).

Note that only the nonzero elements of A and c need to be specified in the COLUMNS section, as any unspecified elements of A and c are assumed to be zero. In addition, any nonzero elements in the jth column of A must be grouped together before those in the (j+1)th column, for  $j=1,2,\ldots,\mathbf{n}-1$ . Nonzero elements within a column may however appear in any order.

#### **RHS Data Lines**

This section specifies the right-hand side values of the general linear constraint matrix A (if any). The lines specify the name to be given to the right-hand side (RHS) vector along with the numerical values of the elements of the vector, which may appear in any order. The data lines have exactly the same format as the COLUMNS data lines, except that the column name is replaced by the RHS name. Only the nonzero elements need be specified. Note that this section may be empty, in which case the RHS vector is assumed to be zero.

#### **RANGES Data Lines (optional)**

Ranges are used for constraints of the form  $l \le Ax \le u$ , where both l and u are finite. The effect of specifying a range  $r_j$  for constraint j depends on the type of the constraint (i.e., G, L or E), the sign of  $r_j$ , and the bound associated with the constraint in the RHS section. (Recall that this bound is taken to be zero if the constraint has no entry in the RHS section.) The various possibilities may be summarised as follows.

The data lines have exactly the same format as the COLUMNS data lines, except that the column name is replaced by the RANGE name.

#### **BOUNDS Data Lines (optional)**

These lines specify limits on the values of the variables (l and u in  $l \le x \le u$ ). If the variable is not specified in the bound set then it is automatically assumed to lie between default lower and upper bounds (usually 0 and  $+\infty$ ). (These default bounds may be reset to the values specified by the optional parameters **options.col\_lo\_default** and **options.col\_up\_default**; see Section 11.2.) Like an RHS column which is given a name, the set of variables in one bound set is also given a name.

Field 1: specifies the type of bound or defines the variable type as follows:

Lolower bound.

UPupper bound.

Fxfixed variable.

FRfree variable  $(-\infty \text{ to } +\infty)$ .

MIlower bound is  $-\infty$ .

PLupper bound is  $+\infty$ . This is the default variable type.

- Field 2: identifies a name for the bound set.
- Field 3: identifies the column name of the variable belonging to this set.
- Field 4: identifies the value of the bound; this has a numerical value only in association with LO, UP, FX in field 1, otherwise it is blank.

Field 5: is blank and ignored.

Field 6: is blank and ignored.

Note that if RANGES and BOUNDS sections are both present, the RANGES section must appear first.

#### **Integer Programming Problems**

In IP problems there are two common integer variable types: (a) 0-1 integer variables (or 'binary' variables) which represent 'on' or 'off' situations and (b) general integer variables which are forced to take an integer value, in a specified range, at the optimal integer solution. Integer variables can be defined in the following compatible and standard MPSX forms.

In the compatible MPSX format, the type of integer variables are defined in field 1 of the BOUNDS section, that is:

Field 1: specifies the type of the integer variable as follows:

BV0-1 integer variable (bound value is 1.0).

UIgeneral integer variable (bound value is in field 4).

In the standard MPSX format, the integer variables are treated the same as 'ordinary' bounded variables, in the BOUNDS section. Integer markers are, however, introduced in the COLUMNS section to specify the integer variables. The indicator lines for these markers are:

	Field 1	Field 2	Field 3	Field 4	Field 5	Field 6
Columns	2-3	5-12	15-22	25-36	40-47	50-61
Contents		name	'MARKER'		'INTORG'	

to mark the beginning of the integer variables and

	Field 1	Field 2	Field 3	Field 4	Field 5	Field 6
Columns	2-3	5-12	15-22	25-36	40-47	50-61
Contents		name	'MARKER'		'INTEND'	

to mark the end. That is, any variables between these markers are treated as integer variables. The *name* in Field 2 may be any name different from the preceding and following column names, the other entries in the indicator lines must be exactly as described above (including quotation marks). Note that if the INTEND indicator line is not specified then all columns between the INTORG indicator line and the end of the COLUMNS section are assumed to be integer variables. nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) accepts both standard and/or compatible MPSX format as a means of specifying integer variables.

An example of the compatible MPSX format is given in Section 9 and an example of the standard MPSX format is given in Section 12.

#### 4 References

IBM (1971) MPSX – Mathematical programming system *Program Number 5734 XM4* IBM Trade Corporation, New York

# 5 Arguments

1: **mps\_file** – const char \*

Input

On entry: the name of the MPSX data file. If **mps\_file** is a null pointer or null string, then the data is assumed to come from stdin.

# 2: **minimize** – Nag Boolean

Input

On entry: specifies the direction of the optimization. **minimize** must be set to Nag\_TRUE for minimization and to Nag\_FALSE for maximization. For a maximization problem, c, the coefficients of the linear part of the objective function, is negated with respect to its definition in the MPSX file. For maximization problems involving a quadratic objective function, you must also modify the sign of the quadratic term as appropriate.

h02buc.4 Mark 26

3: **n** – Integer \*

On exit: n, the number of variables specified by the data file.

4: **m** – Integer \* Output

On exit: m, the number of general linear constraints specified by the data file.

5:  $\mathbf{a} - \text{double **}$ 

On exit: A, the matrix of general linear constraints.

Sufficient memory is allocated internally by nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) and may be freed by the utility function nag\_ip\_mps\_free (h02bvc).

6: **bl** – double \*\*

7: **bu** – double \*\*

On exit: **bl** and **bu** hold the lower bounds and upper bounds, respectively, for all the variables and constraints, in the following order. The first **n** elements contain the bounds on the variables x and the next **m** elements contain the bounds for the general linear constraints Ax (if any). Note that an 'infinite' lower bound is indicated by  $\mathbf{bl}[j-1] = -10^{20}$ , an 'infinite' upper bound by  $\mathbf{bu}[j-1] = 10^{20}$ , and an equality constraint by  $\mathbf{bl}[j-1] = \mathbf{bu}[j-1]$ .

Sufficient memory is allocated internally by nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) and may be freed by the utility function nag\_ip\_mps\_free (h02bvc).

8: intvar – Nag Boolean \*\*

Output

On exit: indicates which are the integer variables in the problem. More precisely,  $intvar[j-1] = Nag\_TRUE$  if  $x_j$  is an integer variable, and  $Nag\_FALSE$  otherwise, for j = 1, 2, ..., n.

Sufficient memory is allocated internally by nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) and may be freed by the utility function nag\_ip\_mps\_free (h02bvc).

9: **cvec** – double \*\*

On exit: c, the coefficients of the linear term of the objective function. The signs of these coefficients are determined by the problem and the direction of the optimization (see **minimize** above).

Sufficient memory is allocated internally by nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) and may be freed by the utility function nag\_ip\_mps\_free (h02bvc).

10:  $\mathbf{x}$  - double \*\*

On exit: an initial estimate of the solution to the problem. More precisely,  $\mathbf{x}[j] = \min(\max(0.0, \mathbf{bl}[j]), \mathbf{bu}[j]), \text{ for } j = 0, 1, \dots, n-1.$ 

Sufficient memory is allocated internally by nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) and may be freed by the utility function nag ip mps free (h02bvc).

11: **options** – Nag\_H02\_Opt \* Input/Output

On entry/exit: a pointer to a structure of type Nag\_H02\_Opt whose members are optional parameters for nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc). These structure members offer the means of adjusting the argument values used when reading in the MPSX file and on output will supply further details of the results. A description of the members of **options** is given below in Section 11.2.

If any of these optional parameters are required then the structure **options** should be declared and initialized by a call to nag\_ip\_init (h02xxc) and supplied as an argument to nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc). However, if the optional parameters are not required the NAG defined null pointer, H02\_DEFAULT, can be used in the function call.

12: **fail** – NagError \*

Input/Output

The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

# 5.1 Description of Printed Output

Results are printed out by default. The level of printed output can be controlled with the structure members **options.list** and **options.output\_level** (see Section 11.2). If **options.list** = Nag\_TRUE then the argument values to nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) are listed, whereas the printout of results is governed by the value of **options.output\_level**. The default, **options.output\_level** = Nag\_MPS\_Summary gives the following information if the MPSX file has been read successfully:

- (a) the number of lines read.
- (b) the number of columns specified by the data. If any of these are specified as integer variables, the number of such variables is also reported.
- (c) the number of rows specified by the data. The objective row is counted amongst these.

In addition, the names of the problem, the objective row, the RHS set, the RANGES set, and the BOUNDS set read are listed. Unless specified otherwise by the optional parameters options.prob\_name, options.obj\_name, options.rhs\_name, options.range\_name a n d / o r options.bnd\_name (see Section 11), these names will correspond to the first problem, objective row, etc., encountered in the MPSX file. Where no set was encountered (RANGES and BOUNDS are optional), a 'blank' is output.

Additionally, when **options.output\_level** = Nag\_MPS\_List, each line of the MPSX file is echoed as it is read. This may be useful as a debugging aid.

If **options.output\_level** = Nag\_NoOutput then printout will be suppressed; you can print the information contained in (b) and (c) when nag ip mps read (h02buc) returns to the calling program.

# 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

# NE\_2\_REAL\_EE\_OPT\_ARG\_CONS

On entry, options.col\_lo\_default =  $\langle value \rangle$  while options.col\_up\_default =  $\langle value \rangle$ . Constraint: options.col\_lo\_default  $\leq$  options.col\_up\_default.

# NE ALLOC FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

# NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, argument options.bnd\_name had an illegal value.

On entry, argument options.obj\_name had an illegal value.

On entry, argument options.output\_level had an illegal value.

On entry, argument options.prob\_name had an illegal value.

On entry, argument options.range\_name had an illegal value.

On entry, argument options.rhs\_name had an illegal value.

# NE INT OPT ARG LT

```
On entry, options.ncol_approx = \langle value \rangle. Constraint: options.ncol_approx > 1.
```

On entry, options.nrow\_approx =  $\langle value \rangle$ . Constraint: options.nrow\_approx  $\geq 1$ .

h02buc.6 Mark 26

#### **NE INTERNAL ERROR**

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

### NE MPS ENDATA NOT FOUND

The file does not contain an ENDATA indicator.

#### NE MPS ILLEGAL DATA LINE

An illegal data line has been read from the MPSX file. This is neither a comment nor a legal data line. Error at MPSX line  $\langle value \rangle$ :  $\langle string \rangle$ .

#### NE MPS ILLEGAL NAME

An illegal row or column name has been detected. Names must contain only alphanumeric characters with no leading blanks. Error at MPSX line  $\langle value \rangle$ :  $\langle string \rangle$ .

# NE\_MPS\_ILLEGAL\_NUMBER

Number expected but value could not be read. Check numerical fields. Error at MPSX line  $\langle value \rangle$ :  $\langle string \rangle$ .

#### NE MPS ILLEGAL SETNAME

An illegal name has been detected in field 2 of the RHS, RANGES or BOUNDS section. Names must contain only alphanumeric characters with no leading blanks. Error at MPSX line  $\langle value \rangle$ :  $\langle string \rangle$ .

#### NE MPS INVALID BND TYPE

An invalid bound type appears in the BOUNDS section. Expect: LO, UP, FX, FR, MI, PL, BV or UI. Error at MPSX line  $\langle value \rangle$ :  $\langle string \rangle$ .

# NE\_MPS\_INVALID\_BND\_VAL

Invalid numeric field in bound data. Value expected for types: LO, UP, FX, UI. Blank field expected for types: FR, MI, PL, BV. Error at MPSX line  $\langle value \rangle$ :  $\langle string \rangle$ .

#### NE MPS INVALID INDICATOR

Unknown, unexpected or invalid indicator line read. Expect: NAME, ROWS, COLUMNS, RHS, RANGES, BOUNDS or ENDATA, starting in column 1 of file, and in that order. RANGES and/ or BOUNDS may be omitted. Error at MPSX line \( \sqrt{value} \): \( \sqrt{string} \).

#### NE MPS INVALID INTORG INTEND

An INTORG or INTEND marker is not correctly specified or is unexpected (e.g., INTEND has no matching INTORG). Error at MPSX line  $\langle value \rangle$ :  $\langle strinq \rangle$ .

#### NE MPS INVALID ROW TYPE

An invalid row type appears in the ROWS section. Expect: N, G, L or E. Error at MPSX line  $\langle value \rangle$ :  $\langle string \rangle$ .

### NE\_MPS\_NO\_COLS

There were no columns specified in the COLUMNS section. Last MPSX line read ( $\langle value \rangle$ ):  $\langle string \rangle$ .

#### NE MPS NO NEWLINE

New line expected but not found. Last MPSX line read ( $\langle value \rangle$ ):  $\langle string \rangle$ .

# NE\_MPS\_NO\_OBJ

The objective row was not found. There must be at least one row of type N in the ROWS section and, if an objective name was specified, there must be a type N row with this name. Last MPSX line read ( $\langle value \rangle$ ):  $\langle string \rangle$ .

#### NE MPS NO ROWS

There were no rows specified in the ROWS section. Last MPSX line read (\langle value \rangle): \langle string \rangle.

#### NE MPS PROB NOT FOUND

The specified problem has not been found in the MPSX file.

#### NE MPS REPEAT ROW

A row has been specified more than once. Error at MPSX line \( \sqrt{value} \): \( \string \).

#### NE MPS RHS RANGE BND NOT FOUND

The name of the RHS, RANGES or BOUNDS set to be used was not found in the file.

### NE\_MPS\_SPLIT\_COL

Column data is not contiguous. All entries for a given column must appear together in the COLUMNS section. Error at MPSX line \( \sqrt{value} \): \( \sqrt{string} \).

#### NE MPS UNKNOWN COLNAME

An unknown column name appears in the BOUNDS section. All the column names must be specified in the COLUMNS section. Error at MPSX line  $\langle value \rangle$ :  $\langle string \rangle$ .

#### NE MPS UNKNOWN ROWNAME

An unknown row name appears in the  $\langle string \rangle$  section. All the row names must be specified in the ROWS section. Error at MPSX line  $\langle value \rangle$ :  $\langle string \rangle$ .

#### NE NAMES NOT NAG MEM

**options.crnames** is not null but does not point to memory allocated by an earlier call to this function. This function does not accept user-allocated memory assigned to **options.crnames**.

#### NE NOT APPEND FILE

Cannot open file  $\langle string \rangle$  for appending.

# NE NOT CLOSE FILE

Cannot close file  $\langle string \rangle$ .

#### NE NOT READ FILE

Cannot open file  $\langle string \rangle$  for reading.

# NE\_NULL\_ARGUMENT

Argument **n** is a null pointer. It should contain the address of a variable of type Integer. Argument **m** is a null pointer. It should contain the address of a variable of type double \*. Argument **bl** is a null pointer. It should contain the address of a variable of type double \*. Argument **bu** is a null pointer. It should contain the address of a variable of type double \*. Argument **intvar** is a null pointer. It should contain the address of a variable of type double \*. Argument **intvar** is a null pointer. It should contain the address of a variable of type Boolean \*. Argument **cvec** is a null pointer. It should contain the address of a variable of type double \*. Argument **x** is a null pointer. It should contain the address of a variable of type double \*.

h02buc.8 Mark 26

#### NE OPT NOT INIT

Options structure not initialized.

### NE\_WRITE\_ERROR

Error occurred when writing to file  $\langle string \rangle$ .

# 7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

# 8 Parallelism and Performance

nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) is not threaded in any implementation.

### 9 Further Comments

Although nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) is designed primarily for use with nag\_ip\_bb (h02bbc), it can also be used in conjunction with nag\_opt\_lp (e04mfc) (as illustrated by Section 10), nag\_opt\_lin\_lsq (e04ncc) and nag\_opt\_qp (e04nfc). However, these last three functions do not provide a direct means of using the row and column names which can be read by nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) and stored in the optional parameter **options.crnames**. By making use of the user-defined printing facilities of the functions, you can customize the solution printing to print the row and column names (see Section 11.2 in nag\_ip\_bb (h02bbc)). Alternatively, you may call nag\_ip\_bb (h02bbc) to solve the LP or QP problem by specifying all variables to be non-integer via the **intvar** argument (see Section 5 in nag\_ip\_bb (h02bbc)).

# 10 Example

This example reads in a compatible MPSX file (see Section 3 for a description of standard and compatible MPSX formats) which specifies an instance of the so-called diet problem, and solves it as an IP problem.

The example calls nag\_ip\_init (h02xxc), which initializes the **options** structure and nag\_ip\_read (h02xyc) which reads optional parameter settings from the data file. The argument settings suppress all output from nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc). The program then calls nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) to read the MPSX data. The program then sets the optional parameter **options.list** to Nag\_TRUE before calling nag\_ip\_bb (h02bbc) to solve the IP problem. As the **options** structure is passed as an argument, the row and column names read from the file are used in the solution output (see Section 10.3).

Finally, nag\_ip\_mps\_free (h02bvc) is called to free the problem arrays, and nag\_ip\_free (h02xzc) is called to free the memory in **options**.

#### 10.1 Program Text

```
int main(void)
 const char *optionsfile = "h02buce.opt";
 Integer exit_status = 0;
 Nag_Boolean *intvar;
 Integer m, n;
 Nag_H02_Opt options;
 double *a, *bl, *bu, *c, objf, *x;
 Nag_Comm comm;
 NagError fail;
 INIT_FAIL(fail);
 printf("nag_ip_mps_read (h02buc) Example Program Results\n");
  /* Initialize options structure and read option settings. */
  /* nag_ip_init (h02xxc).
  * Initialize option structure to null values
 nag_ip_init(&options);
  /* nag_ip_read (h02xyc).
  * Read optional parameter values from a file
 fflush(stdout);
 nag_ip_read("h02buc", optionsfile, &options, (Nag_Boolean) Nag_TRUE,
 "stdout", &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
   printf("Error from nag_ip_read (h02xyc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
   exit_status = 1;
   goto END;
 /* Read MPSX data */
 /* nag_ip_mps_read (h02buc), see above. */
nag_ip_mps_read(0, Nag_TRUE, &n, &m, &a, &bl, &bu, &intvar, &c, &x,
                  &options, &fail);
  if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_ip_mps_read (h02buc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
 }
  /* Solve IP problem defined by data */
 options.list = Nag_TRUE;
 options.print_level = Nag_Soln;
  /* nag_ip_bb (h02bbc).
  * Solves integer programming problems using a branch and
  * bound method
  * /
 nag_ip_bb(n, m, a, n, bl, bu, intvar, c, (double *) 0, 0, NULLFN,
            x, &objf, &options, &comm, &fail);
  if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_ip_bb (h02bbc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
  /* Free memory allocated by nag_ip_mps_read (h02buc) */
  /* nag_ip_mps_free (h02bvc), see above. */
 nag_ip_mps_free(&a, &bl, &bu, &intvar, &c, &x);
  /* Free options memory */
  /* nag_ip_free (h02xzc).
  \star Free NAG allocated memory from option structures
 nag_ip_free(&options, "all", &fail);
 if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
   printf("Error from nag_ip_free (h02xzc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
```

h02buc.10 Mark 26

```
END:
  return exit_status;
10.2 Program Data
* nag_ip_mps_read (h02buc) Example Program Data
* This is an example of 'standard format' MPSX data.
NAME
              DIET2
ROWS
G ENERGY
   PROTEIN
   CALCIUM
 G
N COST
COLUMNS
                          110.0
    OATMEAL
              ENERGY
    OATMEAL
              PROTEIN
                          4.0
             CALCIUM
    OATMEAL
                          2.0
    OATMEAL
             COST
                          3.0
    CHICKEN
              ENERGY
                          205.0
    CHICKEN
              PROTEIN
                          32.0
    CHICKEN
              CALCIUM
                          12.0
    CHICKEN
              COST
                          24.0
    INTEGER
              'MARKER'
                                        'INTORG'
    EGGS
              ENERGY
                          160.0
    EGGS
              PROTEIN
                          13.0
                          54.0
    EGGS
              CALCIUM
    EGGS
             COST
                          13.0
              ENERGY
                          160.0
    MTT.K
    MILK
              PROTEIN
                          8.0
              CALCIUM
                          285.0
    MILK
    MILK
              COST
                          9.0
              ENERGY
                          420.0
    PIE
    PIE
              PROTEIN
                          4.0
    PIE
              CALCIUM
                          22.0
    PIE
              COST
                          20.0
              'MARKER'
    INTEGER
                                        'INTEND'
    BACON
              ENERGY
                          260.0
    BACON
              PROTEIN
                          14.0
              CALCIUM
                          80.0
    BACON
    BACON
             COST
                          19.0
RHS
    DEMANDS
            ENERGY
PROTEIN
             ENERGY
                          2000.0
    DEMANDS
                          55.0
    DEMANDS CALCIUM
                          800.0
BOUNDS
 UI SERVINGS OATMEAL
                          4.0
 UI SERVINGS
              CHICKEN
                          3.0
 UP SERVINGS
             EGGS
                          2.0
 UP SERVINGS
             MILK
                          8.0
             PIE
                          2.0
 UP SERVINGS
 UI SERVINGS BACON
                          2.0
ENDATA
nag_ip_mps_read (h02buc) Example Program Optional Parameters
  BEGIN nag_ip_mps_read
    list = Nag_FALSE
    output_level = Nag_NoOutput
    prob_name = DIET2
  END
```

#### 10.3 Program Results

```
nag_ip_mps_read (h02buc) Example Program Results
Optional parameter setting for hO2buc.
Option file: hO2buce.opt
list set to Nag FALSE
output_level set to Nag_NoOutput
prob_name set to DIET2
Parameters to h02bbc
                                Number of variables..... 6
Linear constraints.....
Number of integer variables...
prob..... Nag_MILP
machine precision..... 1.11e-16
                                max_iter....
                                                            50
first_soln..... Nag_FALSE
                                max_depth.....
                                                            10
                                 int_tol..... 1.00e-05
max_nodes..... ALL_NODES
                                soln_tol..... 1.05e-08
int_obj_bound..... 1.00e+20
nodsel...... Nag_MinObj_Search
                                varsel..... Nag_First_Int
branch_dir..... Nag_Branch_Left
                                crnames..... supplied
print_level..... Nag_Soln
outfile.....
Memory allocation:
lower.....
                          Nag
                          Nag
upper.....
state.....
                          Nag
lambda.....
                          Nag
Final solution:
Varbl
       State
               Value
                         Lower Bound Upper Bound
                                                  Lagr Mult
                                                              Residual
OATMEAL
        ΕO
             4.00000e+00
                          4.0000e+00
                                      4.0000e+00
                                                  3.000e+00
                                                             0.000e+00
                                                             0.000e+00
CHICKEN
        _{
m LL}
             0.00000e+00
                          0.0000e+00
                                      3.0000e+00
                                                  2.400e+01
EGGS
        _{
m LL}
             0.00000e+00
                          0.0000e+00
                                      2.0000e+00
                                                  1.300e+01
                                                             0.000e+00
MILK
        LL
             5.00000e+00
                          5.0000e+00
                                      8.0000e+00
                                                  9.000e+00
                                                             0.000e+00
PIE
        ΕQ
             2.00000e+00
                          2.0000e+00
                                     2.0000e+00
                                                  2.000e+01
                                                             0.000e+00
             0.00000e+00
                          0.0000e+00
                                    2.0000e+00
                                                  1.900e+01
                                                             0.000e+00
BACON
        LL
Constr State
               Value
                         Lower Bound Upper Bound
                                                  Lagr Mult
                                                              Residual
ENERGY
        FR
             2.08000e+03
                          2.0000e+03
                                                  0.000e+00
                                                             8.000e+01
                                        None
PROTEIN
        FR
             6.40000e+01
                          5.5000e+01
                                        None
                                                  0.000e+00
                                                             9.000e+00
CALCIUM
        FR
             1.47700e+03
                          8.0000e+02
                                                  0.000e+00
                                                             6.770e+02
                                        None
Exit from branch and bound tree search after 27 nodes.
Optimal IP solution found.
```

# 11 Optional Parameters

Final IP objective value =

A number of optional input and output arguments to nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) are available through the structure argument **options**, type Nag\_H02\_Opt. a argument may be selected by assigning an appropriate value to the relevant structure member; those arguments not selected will be assigned default values. If no use is to be made of any of the optional parameters you should use the NAG defined null pointer, H02\_DEFAULT, in place of **options** when calling nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc); the default settings will then be used for all arguments.

9.7000000e+01

h02buc.12 Mark 26

Before assigning values to **options** directly the structure **must** be initialized by a call to the function nag ip init (h02xxc). Values may then be assigned to the structure members in the normal C manner.

Option settings may also be read from a text file using the function nag\_ip\_read (h02xyc) in which case initialization of the **options** structure will be performed automatically if not already done. Any subsequent direct assignment to the **options** structure must **not** be preceded by initialization.

#### 11.1 Optional Parameter Checklist and Default Values

For easy reference, the following list shows the members of **options** which are valid for nag ip mps read (h02buc) together with their default values where relevant.

Boolean list	Nag_TRUE
Nag_OutputType output_level	Nag_MPS_Summary
char outfile[80]	stdout
<pre>char prob_name[9]</pre>	'\0'
<pre>char obj_name[9]</pre>	'\0'
<pre>char rhs_name[9]</pre>	'\0'
<pre>char range_name[9]</pre>	'\0'
<pre>char bnd_name[9]</pre>	'\0'
double col_lo_default	0.0
double col_up_default	$10^{20}$
Integer ncol_approx	100
Integer nrow_approx	100
char **crnames	size $\mathbf{n} + \mathbf{m}$
Integer n_ivar	

# 11.2 Description of the Optional Parameters

list – Nag Boolean

Default = Nag\_TRUE

On entry: if options.list = Nag\_TRUE the argument settings in the call to nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) will be printed.

```
output_level - Nag OutputType
```

Default = Nag\_MPS\_Summary

On entry: the level of printout produced by nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc). The following values are available:

Nag\_NoOutput No output.

Nag\_MPS\_Summary A summary of the dimensions of the problem read and a list of the 'MPSX

names' (problem name, objective row name, etc.).

Nag\_MPS\_List As Nag\_MPS\_Summary but each line of the MPSX file is echoed as it is read.

This can be useful for debugging the file.

Constraint: options.output\_level = Nag\_NoOutput, Nag\_MPS\_Summary or Nag\_MPS\_List.

outfile - const char[80]

 $Default = \mathtt{stdout}$ 

On entry: the name of the file to which results should be printed. If **options.outfile** $[0] = '\setminus 0'$  then the stdout stream is used.

```
prob_name - charDefault: options.prob_name[0] = '\0'obj_name - charDefault: options.obj_name[0] = '\0'rhs_name - charDefault: options.rhs_name[0] = '\0'range_name - charDefault: options.range_name = '\0'bnd_name - charDefault: options.bnd_name[0] = '\0'
```

On entry: these options contain the names associated with the MPSX form of the problem. These names must be specified as follows:

#### options.prob\_name

must contain the name of the problem to be read or be blank. The problem name is specified in the NAME indicator line (see Section 3) and if **options.prob\_name** is not blank, then nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) will search the MPSX file for the specified problem. If **options.prob\_name** is blank, then the first problem encountered will be read.

#### options.obj\_name

must contain the name of the objective row or be blank (in which case the first objective free row is used).

### options.rhs\_name

must contain the name of the RHS set to be used or be blank (in which case the first RHS set is used).

#### options.range\_name

must contain the name of the RANGES set to be used or be blank (in which case the first RANGES set, if any, is used).

### options.bnd\_name

must contain the name of the BOUNDS set to be used or be blank (in which case the first BOUNDS set, if any, is used).

Constraint: the names must be valid MPSX names, i.e., they must consist only of the 'alphanumeric' characters as specified in Section 3 and must not contain leading blank characters.

On exit: the members contain the appropriate names as read from the MPSX file. Any names specified on input which are not found in the MPSX file are unchanged on exit but will give rise to an error exit from nag ip mps read (h02buc) (see Section 6).

 $col_odefault - double$  Default = 0.0

On entry: the default lower bound to be used for the variables in the problem when none is specified in the BOUNDS section of the MPSX data file.

#### col\_up\_default - double

Default  $= 10^{20}$ 

On entry: the default upper bound to be used for the variables in the problem when none is specified in the BOUNDS section of the MPSX data file.

 $\textit{Constraint:} \ \ \textbf{options.col\_up\_default} \geq \textbf{options.col\_lo\_default}.$ 

```
ncol_approx - IntegerDefault = 100nrow_approx - IntegerDefault = 100
```

On entry: an estimate of the number of columns and rows in the problem. nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc) is designed so that the problem size does not have to be known in advance, and allocates memory according to the data contained in the MPSX file. However, for very large problems, an advance estimate of the problem size might allow slightly more efficient memory usage to be achieved.

Constraints:

```
options.ncol_approx > 0; options.nrow_approx > 0.
```

```
crnames - char *
```

Default memory  $\mathbf{n} + \mathbf{m}$  array of char \*

On exit: the MPSX names of all the variables and constraints in the problem in the following order. **options.crnames**[j-1] contains the name of the jth column, for  $j=1,2,\ldots,\mathbf{n}$ . **options.crnames** $[\mathbf{n}+i-1]$  contains the name of the ith row, for  $i=1,2,\ldots,\mathbf{m}$ . Each name is 8 characters long, and includes any trailing blank characters which appear in the appropriate name field of the MPSX file.

Sufficient memory to hold the names is allocated internally by nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc). The memory freeing function nag\_ip\_free (h02xzc) should be used to free this memory. You should **not** use the standard C function free() for this purpose.

h02buc.14 Mark 26

If, on return from nag\_ip\_mps\_read (h02buc), nag\_ip\_bb (h02bbc) is called with **options** as an argument, and the memory pointed to by **options.crnames** has not been freed, nag\_ip\_bb (h02bbc) will use the row and column names stored in **options.crnames** in its solution output.

 $n\_ivar$  — Integer

On exit: the number of integer variables specified by the data file.

# 12 Example 2 (ex2)

See Section 10 for the example program.

Mark 26 h02buc.15 (last)