# NAG Library Routine Document F07VHF (DTBRFS)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

# 1 Purpose

F07VHF (DTBRFS) returns error bounds for the solution of a real triangular band system of linear equations with multiple right-hand sides, AX = B or  $A^{T}X = B$ .

# 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE FO7VHF (UPLO, TRANS, DIAG, N, KD, NRHS, AB, LDAB, B, LDB, X, LDX, FERR, BERR, WORK, IWORK, INFO)

INTEGER

N, KD, NRHS, LDAB, LDB, LDX, IWORK(N), INFO

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) AB(LDAB,*), B(LDB,*), X(LDX,*), FERR(NRHS), BERR(NRHS), WORK(3*N)

CHARACTER(1) UPLO, TRANS, DIAG
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name dtbrfs.

# 3 Description

F07VHF (DTBRFS) returns the backward errors and estimated bounds on the forward errors for the solution of a real triangular band system of linear equations with multiple right-hand sides AX = B or  $A^{T}X = B$ . The routine handles each right-hand side vector (stored as a column of the matrix B) independently, so we describe the function of F07VHF (DTBRFS) in terms of a single right-hand side b and solution x.

Given a computed solution x, the routine computes the *component-wise backward error*  $\beta$ . This is the size of the smallest relative perturbation in each element of A and b such that x is the exact solution of a perturbed system

$$\begin{aligned} &(A+\delta A)x=b+\delta b\\ \left|\delta a_{ij}\right| \leq \beta \left|a_{ij}\right| & \text{and} & \left|\delta b_{i}\right| \leq \beta |b_{i}|. \end{aligned}$$

Then the routine estimates a bound for the *component-wise forward error* in the computed solution, defined by:

$$\max_i |x_i - \hat{x}_i|/ \max_i |x_i|$$

where  $\hat{x}$  is the true solution.

For details of the method, see the F07 Chapter Introduction.

#### 4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) Matrix Computations (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

#### 5 Parameters

1: UPLO - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: specifies whether A is upper or lower triangular.

UPLO = 'U'

A is upper triangular.

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UPLO = 'L'

A is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

# 2: TRANS - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: indicates the form of the equations.

TRANS = 'N'

The equations are of the form AX = B.

TRANS = 'T' or 'C'

The equations are of the form  $A^{T}X = B$ .

Constraint: TRANS = 'N', 'T' or 'C'.

#### 3: DIAG - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: indicates whether A is a nonunit or unit triangular matrix.

DIAG = 'N'

A is a nonunit triangular matrix.

DIAG = 'U'

A is a unit triangular matrix; the diagonal elements are not referenced and are assumed to be 1.

Constraint: DIAG = 'N' or 'U'.

#### 4: N – INTEGER

Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint:  $N \ge 0$ .

# 5: KD – INTEGER

Input

On entry:  $k_d$ , the number of superdiagonals of the matrix A if UPLO = 'U', or the number of subdiagonals if UPLO = 'L'.

*Constraint*:  $KD \ge 0$ .

# 6: NRHS – INTEGER

Input

On entry: r, the number of right-hand sides.

Constraint: NRHS  $\geq 0$ .

#### 7: AB(LDAB, \*) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Input

**Note**: the second dimension of the array AB must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the n by n triangular band matrix A.

The matrix is stored in rows 1 to  $k_d + 1$ , more precisely,

if UPLO = 'U', the elements of the upper triangle of A within the band must be stored with element  $A_{ij}$  in  $AB(k_d+1+i-j,j)$  for  $max(1,j-k_d) \le i \le j$ ;

if UPLO = 'L', the elements of the lower triangle of A within the band must be stored with element  $A_{ij}$  in AB(1+i-j,j) for  $j \le i \le \min(n,j+k_d)$ .

If DIAG = 'U', the diagonal elements of A are assumed to be 1, and are not referenced.

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#### 8: LDAB – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array AB as declared in the (sub)program from which F07VHF (DTBRFS) is called.

Constraint: LDAB > KD + 1.

#### 9: B(LDB,\*) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Input

**Note**: the second dimension of the array B must be at least max(1, NRHS).

On entry: the n by r right-hand side matrix B.

#### 10: LDB - INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array B as declared in the (sub)program from which F07VHF (DTBRFS) is called.

*Constraint*: LDB  $\geq \max(1, N)$ .

### 11: X(LDX,\*) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Input

**Note**: the second dimension of the array X must be at least max(1, NRHS).

On entry: the n by r solution matrix X, as returned by F07VEF (DTBTRS).

#### 12: LDX - INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array X as declared in the (sub)program from which F07VHF (DTBRFS) is called.

Constraint: LDX  $\geq \max(1, N)$ .

#### 13: FERR(NRHS) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

On exit: FERR(j) contains an estimated error bound for the jth solution vector, that is, the jth column of X, for j = 1, 2, ..., r.

#### 14: BERR(NRHS) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

On exit: BERR(j) contains the component-wise backward error bound  $\beta$  for the jth solution vector, that is, the jth column of X, for j = 1, 2, ..., r.

15:  $WORK(3 \times N) - REAL$  (KIND=nag wp) array

Workspace

16: IWORK(N) – INTEGER array

Workspace

#### 17: INFO – INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

# 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

 ${\rm INFO}<0$ 

If INFO = -i, argument i had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

# 7 Accuracy

The bounds returned in FERR are not rigorous, because they are estimated, not computed exactly; but in practice they almost always overestimate the actual error.

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#### 8 Parallelism and Performance

F07VHF (DTBRFS) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

F07VHF (DTBRFS) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

# **9** Further Comments

A call to F07VHF (DTBRFS), for each right-hand side, involves solving a number of systems of linear equations of the form Ax = b or  $A^{T}x = b$ ; the number is usually 4 or 5 and never more than 11. Each solution involves approximately 2nk floating-point operations (assuming  $n \gg k$ ).

The complex analogue of this routine is F07VVF (ZTBRFS).

# 10 Example

This example solves the system of equations AX = B and to compute forward and backward error bounds, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -4.16 & 0.00 & 0.00 & 0.00 \\ -2.25 & 4.78 & 0.00 & 0.00 \\ 0.00 & 5.86 & 6.32 & 0.00 \\ 0.00 & 0.00 & -4.82 & 0.16 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} -16.64 & -4.16 \\ -13.78 & -16.59 \\ 13.10 & -4.94 \\ -14.14 & -9.96 \end{pmatrix}.$$

# 10.1 Program Text

x(ldx,n),iwork(n))

```
Program f07vhfe
!
     FO7VHF Example Program Text
1
     Mark 25 Release. NAG Copyright 2014.
      .. Use Statements ..
1
     Use nag_library, Only: dtbrfs, dtbtrs, nag_wp, x04caf
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
!
     Implicit None
      .. Parameters ..
     Integer, Parameter
                                       :: nin = 5, nout = 6
     Character (1), Parameter
                                       :: diag = 'N', trans = 'N'
      .. Local Scalars ..
!
                                       :: i, ifail, info, j, kd, ldab, ldb,
     Integer
                                          ldx, n, nrhs
     Character (1)
                                       :: uplo
!
      .. Local Arrays ..
     Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: ab(:,:), b(:,:), berr(:), ferr(:),
                                          work(:), x(:,:)
     Integer, Allocatable
                                       :: iwork(:)
      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
!
     Intrinsic
                                       :: max, min
!
      .. Executable Statements ..
     Write (nout,*) 'F07VHF Example Program Results'
     Skip heading in data file
     Read (nin,*)
     Read (nin,*) n, kd, nrhs
      ldab = kd + 1
     ldb = n
     ldx = n
     Allocate (ab(ldab,n),b(ldb,nrhs),berr(nrhs),ferr(nrhs),work(3*n), &
```

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```
!
     Read A and B from data file, and copy B to X
      Read (nin,*) uplo
      If (uplo=='U') Then
        Do i = 1, n
         Read (nin,*)(ab(kd+1+i-j,j),j=i,min(n,i+kd))
        End Do
     Else If (uplo=='L') Then
        Do i = 1, n
         Read (nin,*)(ab(1+i-j,j),j=max(1,i-kd),i)
        End Do
      End If
     Read (nin,*)(b(i,1:nrhs),i=1,n)
     x(1:n,1:nrhs) = b(1:n,1:nrhs)
     Compute solution in the array X
1
1
      The NAG name equivalent of dtbtrs is f07vef
      Call dtbtrs(uplo,trans,diag,n,kd,nrhs,ab,ldab,x,ldx,info)
      Compute backward errors and estimated bounds on the
     forward errors
!
     The NAG name equivalent of dtbrfs is f07vhf
!
      Call dtbrfs(uplo,trans,diag,n,kd,nrhs,ab,ldab,b,ldb,x,ldx,ferr,berr, &
        work, iwork, info)
!
     Print solution
     Write (nout,*)
     Flush (nout)
1
     ifail: behaviour on error exit
              =0 for hard exit, =1 for quiet-soft, =-1 for noisy-soft
      ifail = 0
      Call x04caf('General',' ',n,nrhs,x,ldx,'Solution(s)',ifail)
     Write (nout,*)
     Write (nout,*) 'Backward errors (machine-dependent)'
     Write (nout, 99999) berr(1:nrhs)
     Write (nout,*) 'Estimated forward error bounds (machine-dependent)'
     Write (nout,99999) ferr(1:nrhs)
99999 Format ((3X,1P,7E11.1))
   End Program f07vhfe
10.2 Program Data
F07VHF Example Program Data
```

```
4 1 2
                             :Values of N, KD and NRHS
 'L'
                              :Value of UPLO
-4.16
-2.25
        4.78
        5.86
               6.32
              -4.82
                     0.16
                             :End of matrix A
-16.64 -4.16
-13.78 -16.59
13.10 -4.94
-14.14 -9.96
                             :End of matrix B
```

#### 10.3 Program Results

F07VHF Example Program Results

```
Solution(s)

1 2
1 4.0000 1.0000
2 -1.0000 -3.0000
3 3.0000 2.0000
```

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```
4 2.0000 -2.0000
```

Backward errors (machine-dependent)
4.7E-17 2.5E-17
Estimated forward error bounds (machine-dependent)
5.4E-14 5.8E-14

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