NAG Library Routine Document

G05KKF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G05KKF allows for the generation of multiple, independent, sequences of pseudorandom numbers using the skip-ahead method. The base pseudorandom number sequence defined by STATE is advanced 2^n places.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE GO5KKF (N, STATE, IFAIL)
INTEGER N, STATE(*), IFAIL
```

3 Description

G05KKF adjusts a base generator to allow multiple, independent, sequences of pseudorandom numbers to be generated via the skip-ahead method (see the G05 Chapter Introduction for details).

If, prior to calling G05KKF the base generator defined by STATE would produce random numbers x_1, x_2, x_3, \ldots , then after calling G05KKF the generator will produce random numbers $x_{2^n+1}, x_{2^n+2}, x_{2^n+3}, \ldots$

One of the initialization routines G05KFF (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or G05KGF (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to G05KKF.

The skip-ahead algorithm can be used in conjunction with any of the six base generators discussed in the G05 Chapter Introduction.

4 References

Haramoto H, Matsumoto M, Nishimura T, Panneton F and L'Ecuyer P (2008) Efficient jump ahead for F2-linear random number generators *INFORMS J. on Computing* **20(3)** 385–390

Knuth D E (1981) The Art of Computer Programming (Volume 2) (2nd Edition) Addison-Wesley

5 Parameters

1: N – INTEGER Input

On entry: n, where the number of places to skip-ahead is defined as 2^n .

Constraint: $N \ge 0$.

2: STATE(*) - INTEGER array

Communication Array

Note: the actual argument supplied **must** be the array STATE supplied to the initialization routines G05KFF or G05KGF.

On entry: contains information on the selected base generator and its current state.

On exit: contains updated information on the state of the generator.

3: IFAIL – INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this parameter you should refer to Section 3.3 in the Essential Introduction for details.

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For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this parameter, the recommended value is 0. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, $N = \langle value \rangle$. Constraint: N > 0.

IFAIL = 2

On entry, STATE vector has been corrupted or not initialized.

IFAIL = 3

On entry, cannot use skip-ahead with the base generator defined by STATE.

IFAIL = 4

On entry, the STATE vector defined on initialization is not large enough to perform a skip-ahead (applies to Mersenne Twister base generator). See the initialization routine G05KFF or G05KGF.

IFAIL = -99

An unexpected error has been triggered by this routine. Please contact NAG.

See Section 3.8 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

IFAIL = -399

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

See Section 3.7 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

IFAIL = -999

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

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9 Further Comments

Calling G05KKF and then generating a series of uniform values using G05SAF is equivalent to, but more efficient than, calling G05SAF and discarding the first 2^n values. This may not be the case for distributions other than the uniform, as some distributional generators require more than one uniform variate to generate a single draw from the required distribution.

10 Example

This example initializes a base generator using G05KFF and then uses G05KKF to advance the sequence 2¹⁷ places before generating five variates from a uniform distribution using G05SAF.

10.1 Program Text

```
Program g05kkfe
     G05KKF Example Program Text
!
     Mark 25 Release. NAG Copyright 2014.
     .. Use Statements ..
     Use nag_library, Only: g05kff, g05kkf, g05saf, nag_wp
     .. Implicit None Statement ..
!
     Implicit None
1
      .. Parameters ..
     Integer, Parameter
                                        :: lseed = 1, nin = 5, nout = 6
      . Local Scalars ..
!
     Integer
                                        :: genid, ifail, lstate, n, nv, subid
!
     .. Local Arrays ..
     Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: x(:)
                                        :: seed(lseed)
     Integer, Allocatable
                                        :: state(:)
      .. Executable Statements ..
     Write (nout,*) 'G05KKF Example Program Results'
     Write (nout,*)
     Skip heading in data file
     Read (nin,*)
     Read in the base generator information and seed
     Read (nin,*) genid, subid, seed(1)
     Query GO5KFF to get the require length of STATE array
      lstate = 0
     Allocate (state(lstate))
     ifail = 0
     Call g05kff(genid, subid, seed, lseed, state, lstate, ifail)
     Reallocate STATE
     Deallocate (state)
     Allocate (state(lstate))
     Initialize the generator to a repeatable sequence
     ifail = 0
     Call g05kff(genid, subid, seed, lseed, state, lstate, ifail)
     Read in the skip ahead and sample size
     Read (nin,*) n, nv
     Allocate (x(nv))
     Advance the sequence 2**N places
     ifail = 0
     Call g05kkf(n,state,ifail)
     Generate a NV variates from a uniform distribution
      ifail = 0
     Call g05saf(nv,state,x,ifail)
```

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```
! Display the variates
    Write (nout,99999) x(1:nv)

99999 Format (1X,F10.4)
    End Program g05kkfe
```

10.2 Program Data

```
G05KKF Example Program Data
1 1 1762543 :: GENID, SUBID, SEED(1)
17 5 :: N,NV
```

10.3 Program Results

G05KKF Example Program Results

0.7357 0.3521

0.4188

0.0046

0.0365

G05KKF.4 (last)

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